

Bow Island Review

For the Districts of:- Pleasant View,

Seven Persons, Whitla, Winnifred, Bow Island, Burdett, Grassy Lake, Foremost and Maleb.

TENTH YEAR,

BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA

FRIDAY OCTOBER 8, 1920.

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 A-YEAR

NOTICE

By special request of many customers who have not been able to yet bring in their grain, we have been asked to continue

GREAT SALE Till Oct. 16th.

Our usual time being two weeks.

Realising that with wheat dropping so in price that the public must buy at lowest possible prices we have decided to continue as requested in selling for one more week at

Great Sale Prices

Leonard Ferne - Clothier
BOW ISLAND

OIL! OIL! OIL!

When you require
OILS or GREASES
For your Car or Tractor

See Us
We will SAVE YOU MONEY
we handle:-

All grades Cylinder Oils, Machine Oils,
Hard Oils, Greases, etc.

also the famous
Wm. Penn Motor Oils
Lowest Possible Prices

HOME GRAIN CO. LTD.

E. ANDERSON, AGENT

Phone 55

BOW ISLAND

Bread and Cakes for the Kiddies at A. E. Browning's Bakery,

You can't get by the fact that Bread is the most complete of all foods, assuring you the highest amount of nutriment for every cent you spend.

Buy your Bread, Cakes, Rolls and other baked goods at Browning's where you are assured of the Highest Quality Goods, made under immaculate conditions.

A. E. BROWNING
BAKER

MAIN STREET --- BOW ISLAND

Miss Minnie Fisher of Lethbridge is visiting Mrs E. Wilmet

Mrs. Swennumson went to Lethbridge last Tuesday on a shopping trip

Mr. G. Lomas of Burdett was a visitor to Bow Island last Sunday

Mr. Boly of Winnifred was here last Monday on business

Mr. and Mrs. Clearwaters of Bow Island are leaving for Lethbridge the last of this week, where Mr. Clearwaters will work for the U. P. R.

Miss Rosa Haultet was married to Mr. Hilton Parker (Mrs. Roy Beattie's brother) at Lethbridge last Monday, returning to Bow Island on Tuesday evening where they will make their home. They are both well known and their many friends wish them happiness in their married life.

Miss Frances Halloran left last Monday for the Convent in the Hat but it is guaranteed for Scarlet Fever, so she returned to Bow Island on Tuesday morning, she will return to the Hat when the quarantine is off

A fire of a rather serious nature broke out in town on Tuesday when Mr. Hopkins lost his bank car, garage and auto and also another small out-house. Happily the wind was blowing from the South East or else nothing could have saved the dwelling-house which Mr. Brophy occupies

Mr. W.A. Bateman had a small fire at his farm last Monday. It is thought it started in some weeds by the barn, but was put out before much damage was done, only burning some fence-posts and lumber that were near-by, the loss being estimated about \$25.00

We are glad to see Mr. T. Drinkwater around again, after being confined to his bed several days last week

The officers of the Literary Society that was formed recently are:- President, Rhoda Brown; Vice President, Clara; Secretary, Mary; Treasurer, Mary; Critic, Esther Hagen; Programme Committee, Sadie James; Lyman Reams and Laurence Halpin

Mr. and Mrs. Bradner returned home last Sunday from a three week motor trip to Cranbrook, B.C. and other immediate points and say it was "sure a worth while trip"

BOYS and GIRLS

Don't forget to look in Inside Page, for Cash Prizes

Mr. Harold Beattie returned to duty at the Crown Post Pass last Monday

Inspector Brooks of the Neglected Children's Department, Calgary, was a business visitor here last week making investigations. Re Roberts 10 miles south of Bow Island also Re Peters and Gray of Winnifred District and left last Friday evening for Lethbridge

The Literary Society held their meeting last Wednesday Sept. 29th in the School. A large number were present and a very enjoyable evening was spent in songs and recitations. "Mock Wedding" also took place. STONEYBROOK - REGRETTIT A very quiet wedding took place at the Public Church last Wednesday when Miss U.L. Regrettit was united into the bonds of holy matrimony to Mr. Stoneybrooke, b'ch of Bow Island the bride was attired in a lovely cream gown with veil to match; she was attended by her sister Miss L.L. Regrettit who was attired in a beautiful gown of yellow chesecloth. The groom was attended by his friend Mr. Hugin-light; the wedding march was played by Miss Poneycumb. Miss Bonehead sang a solo. "Here comes the Bride". The wedding sermon was given by the Rev. Doollittle

Mr. E.B. Loucks an old-timer of Bow Island, now living at Foremost, was a business visitor to Bow Island last Tuesday and Wednesday

Mr. Loucks reports that crop around his District were pretty good, he was fortunate enough to get 16 Bushels to the acre, he had 200 acres in crop

We were glad to see Mr. Loucks with his usual cheery smile and handshake, and he looked in the pink of health

Mr. and Mrs. Roy McGregor went to Medicine Hat where they will spend the winter

The Anglican Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. Perry Duffy last Thursday Sept. 30th

Miss Esther Hagen spent the week end with her parents in Seven Persons

Miss Thelma Long spent the week end with her parents in Winnifred

Messes J. Whitfield, F. Smith and A. Gragg, were business visitors to Lethbridge last Monday

Mrs. Harris leaves this week for an extended trip to the States

One of the most successful and enjoyable social treats which Bow Island has yet experienced was furnished at the Opening Dance given by the G.W.V.A. in their Club Rooms last Friday night

The hall was newly painted and tastefully decorated, the floor in perfect condition and the music a first place orchestra left nothing to be desired on that score

Refreshment was served at midnight by the members of the Ladies Auxiliary, dancing was continued till 2 a.m. the closing hour, that all agreed came all too soon

The G.W.V.A. will hold these dances fortnightly and the successive dates are being eagerly looked forward to

NOTICE

U.F.A. and U.F.W.A.
Pres. L.D. James Pres. Mrs. James

Will meet on Saturday
October 9th

General Business

Sec. G. Monds Sec. Mrs. McGregor

See Us For

Ostermoor Mattresses and Bed Springs



Gas Heaters Coal Heaters

Ostrum's Hardware Store.

Main Street

Bow Island

Gas and Coal Ranges

Gas and Coal Heaters

Gas Fixtures

Gas Globes and Mantles

Buy the Best and Get Your Moneys' Worth

We make Our Own Stove Pipes
from the Best of Iron

SWENNUMSON & CO.

MAIN STREET

BOW ISLAND

Don't Hesitate

The inside of this store is just as free to you as this add is.

If you want to buy anything Well and Good, but if you just want to look around you are quite welcome.

Come in, there is no obligation to purchase

We Carry a complete line of
Swift's Bacons,

Also a Good Line of Cold Meats such as:-

Cooked Ham, Cottage Roll, Baked Loaf etc.

Have Your Bacon Properly Sliced by
Our New Meat Slicer

BATEMAN BROS.

The Store That Saves You Money

MAIN STREET, BOW ISLAND

All Advertisements, or Changes of Advertisemetns, Notices, or Reading Matter should be in the Review Office by Monday or at the latest Tuesday Morning to appear the same week, as the Review is printed every Thursday

Silage Good

For All Stock

Can Be Fed Successfully to Horses and Sheep.

The silo was first taken up by the dairyman, and today we find most of the silos in the dairy sections. You can pretty nearly tell the number of cows and the progressive dairyman by the number of silos on a country place. It is a mistake, however, to conclude that silage is not equally good for other classes of livestock, and this truth is so well known by most keepers of silos that they fail to even comment on the subject.

As silage is our cheapest source of digestible carbohydrates, it can be used profitably by any animal which feeds upon grass. The breeder of beef cattle have for many years used the silo with success, not only for feeding their mature animals, but also for growing the young stock. There has been more investigation among the Experiment Stations to determine the economic value of silage as a feed for other than dairy cattle. The Experiment Station equipped with a silo but which has made some test along this line, and it is interesting to note that practically every test has demonstrated that silage not only makes beef cheaper than other foods, but also makes a high quality beef. The silage of the breeders of champion stock are using silos, and they would certainly laugh at any man who questioned their silage ration.

Horses and mules have been fed silage successfully and economically. Some of our large breeders and trainers in blooded horses have used silos for many years, and there is scarcely a farmer with a silo who does not feed silage in some form to his horses. Of course it should be used much as grass is used, that is, in small rations and principally for horses not at heavy work. Only good silage should be used in the horse ration.

As a ration for sheep it has long met with success, and there are many herds who use it on a large scale. Not long ago a sheep-federer from the west was visited where 10,000 sheep received corn silage as a part of their ration. It has hardly come to its own in this capacity, but the sheep feeder will certainly use the silo more in the future, especially if he wishes to make economic gains.

For poultry and swine, small rations of silage can be wisely used. Some poultrymen use what is known as chicken silo, a small silo filled with various kinds of green fodder. Sunflowers, especially, are valuable but a mixed ration has been considered the best. For fattening swine it should not be used as a principal ration, but can be used as a small or part ration. As the feed is rather bulky, it will not do to force swine to eat too much, as the stomachs are small. On the average farm where all kinds of livestock are kept, care should be taken to put up the best quality of silage. This can easily be accomplished by cutting at the right period, giving care to bring as much as possible to the silage to the ensilage cutter. Cut fine with sharp knives and pack well. These are the principal requirements for good silage. Of course, it is essential that the silo be tight and smooth on the inside. With such a silo fitted, it stands as a bank or storehouse from which the farmer can draw at any time and from which he can always realize a profit.

Publications Available for Distribution.

The Department of Agriculture at Ottawa includes in its available publications some four hundred titles which embrace practically every phase of farming in its broadest sense in Canada. The list recently issued contains thirty new publications which relate to dairying, field crops, insect and plant diseases, livestock, the orchard and garden, and poultry. In the miscellaneous list is included "Farm Feeds," "The Use of Coarse Grain for Human Food," "The Education of 'The Maple Sugar Industry in Canada,'" All these publications are for the free use of the citizens of Canada and are obtainable by the asking from the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Amundsen's Ship Wrecked in Ice.

Captain Roald Amundsen's polar expedition ship, the *Maud*, is reported wrecked tonight on the west coast of Kolychin Bay, Siberia, and nearly midway between Wrangell Island and the Northern Siberian coast, by far trades who have reached Nome.

It is a wise father that can console his children that a parade is all there is to a circus.

Vice-Royal Tour in North

The Governor-General Greatly Impressed With the Peace River Country.

After making a ten-day tour of the Peace River district during which time he was enabled to fully observe the development of the country, His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire, Governor-General, returned to Edmonton on a special train over the P. E. & N. R. railway. He was enthusiastic over the rich resources of the north country and the unbounded optimism of the people was demonstrated at all points.

Town through farming districts where harvesting and some threshing was in full swing, hunting and fishing expeditions, and appearances at public functions to receive addresses of welcome, made the first visit of the Governor-General to the Peace River district one to be long remembered.

His Excellency was accompanied by J. A. McGregor, general manager of the P. E. & N. R. Railway; Captain H. C. Ballour, acting military secretary, and Captain the Hon. Patrick Macleod, C. B. For the trip, all members of the party were pleased over the success of the trip, which was carried out in its entirety without a hitch of any kind.

Leaving Edmonton on Saturday, Sept. 11, the party proceeded to Morinville, where a civic address was presented. On Sunday, the party arrived at Sxsmish and Claimont, where public addresses were presented, while Grand Prairie was reached on the evening of the same day. His Excellency went on a short shooting expedition.

The following day the party motorized about the Grand Prairie district and visited farms. Mr. Robert's farm was visited, after which a trip was made to the trading store, Fort Whoopee, near the present city of Lethbridge, was first reached. The second centre was an Old Man's river and Fort McLeod was established. The police found plenty of work with the whiskey traders and soon gained the respect of the settlers and the Indians, for their fair treatment.

In 1874, a fort was established at Calgary. Colonel Jarvis, with 40 men, had charge of Fort Edmonton, where a Hudson Bay fort had been established since 1795. In 1876, Fort Saskatchewan was built, twenty-six miles from Edmonton. There were

On the way to Peace River town, a storm was made for lunch by a camp here. This had been arranged by the women of Peace River and was thoroughly enjoyed by the party. The town was reached on the evening of Friday, the 17th.

The following day the party was shown about the town and afterwards went aboard the S.S. "D. A. Thomas" for a tour of the river. There were about 150 people accompanying the Duke of Devonshire. Visits were made to three oil wells, where drilling was being carried on. In the evening the townspeople welcomed the Governor-General at a civic banquet. The address by His Excellency was replied to by Bishop Robbins, of the Diocese of Athabasca. On Sunday, His Excellency attended church service and heard a sermon by Bishop Robbins.

Leaving Peace River on the 19th, Sunday, the party proceeded to High Prairie, where His Excellency formally opened a G.W.V.A. memorial hall the following day. Sawridge has reached the same day where the Governor-General was on a fishing trip which was fairly successful. While returning to Edmonton, a stop was made at Grande Prairie, where a civic address was presented.

Bright Future For Pacific Iron Industry.

Never in the history of British Columbia has the prospect for development of the manufacturing stage of the iron and steel industry been so bright as at the present time, according to a statement made here by Major D. B. Martin, provincial industrial commissioner, who has just returned from a trip of inspection and inquiry in the United States and Eastern Canada for the government.

Discoverer of Shakespeare. Lovers of William Shakespeare are jubilant over the discovery of the famous bard's autograph, on the stone wall of a window recess in the famous haunted gallery at Hampton Court, one of the ancient royal palaces of England, where Shakespeare was one time performed in his own plays.

THE RIDERS OF THE PLAINS



(1) A Royal Canadian Mounted Policeman rides well. (2) A fully equipped Mounted Policeman. (3) A Mounted Policeman in winter uniform.

The noble traditions and fascinating uniform of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police are exclusively our own in Canada and it is fitting, in its reorganization, that it should be named the "Royal Canadian Mounted Police." The existence of tribes of wild Indians, the quarrels of the interior and the vast body of settlers coming in, led the late Sir John A. MacDonald to take possession of the land by establishing the police in 1873. The aim was to have detachments of well armed and disciplined men, judiciously posted throughout central posts.

The first force consisted of 16 officers, 201 men and 244 horses. The troops travelled by way of Chicago to Fargo and marched across the plains. In 1874, three hundred police set out from Fort Garry for the junction of the Bow and Belly rivers and a portion was detached to Edmonton. The first trip was to the Hudson Bay, near the present city of Lethbridge, was first reached. The second centre was an Old Man's river and Fort McLeod was established. The police found plenty of work with the whiskey traders and soon gained the respect of the settlers and the Indians, for their fair treatment.

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Rust Weakens Machinery

Farmers Can Guard Against Breakage by Using Paint.

Many a piece of farm machinery is broken in place, at a busy critical period, because the part has become weakened by rust. Nowadays when a machine breaks it is not only the cost of replacement to be considered, but the machine may not be service for several days or weeks because the dealer's stock of parts is low, and completely out of some items. And it isn't the dealer's fault, either, in most cases. He has orders in for short stock parts, but ordering is one thing and getting orders filled is something else, as all machinery dealers and their customers know to their sorrow.

All farm machinery should be kept painted. Reduce breakage to the minimum. Parts will break often when machines are handled with care, but just now when the fall placements are so expensive and so difficult to get promptly regardless of price, the least the farmer can do is to guard against this unnecessary weakening of essential equipment, by allowing rust to set in on it. Forcetractors and plows are just now the very little thing to apply it to, but the cost is nothing compared to the loss of several days of use of an important machine in a critical period.

Indians Get Treaty Money.

Paying treaty money to the Indians in the far north, a record canoe trip of nearly 4,000 miles in 80 days has been completed by a party of four government officials. Swollen rivers made the trip hazardous but an Indian guide successfully shot the Dipper Rapids, a fast hitherto unswayed. A total of \$11,200 was distributed among 2,124 Indians of 12 different bands. Each Indian was given \$5 with an additional \$15 for each head man, of which there are two for each tribe and an extra \$25 for each chief.

-W. N. U. 1336.

13 forts established by 1881. In 1882, a fort was built at "Pile of Bones," now Regina. The government buildings were soon erected and in 1883, it was made the headquarters of the force for Canada with Commissioner Perry in charge.

From 1874 until 1879, there was not a man molested or killed until Constable Gribble was murdered by one of the Blood Indians. With the disappearance of the buffalo, there was almost famine among the Indians and the police had a great work in feeding many thousands. The Indians killed the settlers' cattle and so great did the evil become that many of the settlers moved across the boundary.

Early last year, the police force had fallen to about 500 men as the result of drafts for the various theatres of war. Enlistments since have brought it up and included is Dominion Police Force, Operations were extended to include British Columbia and various eastern provinces. The latest post to be established is Burnaby Harbor on Coronation Gulf. This copper mine district is important because of large developments. Hereafter, Indians guarding the Arctic Board, is the most northerly patrol.

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Culling Hens for Winter

Poor Layers Should Be Disposed Of At Once.

All flocks that have not been culled during July and August should be gone over now. All specimens that show before during his long experience have not been good layers should be disposed of on the market or consumed at home. Don't sell to your neighbors or someone else the flocks that are not good enough for you to keep.

Don't neglect to feed your hens during the molting period just as well as during the heavy laying season. Feed is necessary for the growth of feathers as well as for the production of eggs.

The pullets should be housed in their winter quarters as soon as possible. A well-balanced ration should be fed to get them laying, as no doubt eggs will be high in price this winter. If given proper care, the early-laying pullets are the ones that can be depended upon to produce early winter eggs.

Europe Wants Canadian Cattle

Export of Livestock From Western Canada Becoming Important.

About two thousand head of Canadian cattle are being shipped to Belgium, a few weeks ago. The city of Paris, which is expected to complete a contract for the purchase of cattle in Canada had two percent of the animals sent to Belgium, their condition on arrival and the requirements for receiving such cattle. The quantity of Canadian cattle has become known all over the world and numerous orders have been placed by the war-stricken countries of Europe to help to replenish their depleted herds of horses and cattle. The export trade of livestock from Western Canada is now of considerable importance and it is all the more interesting.

A single pound of the finest apple seeds would reach around the world.

Start will be made immediately on the construction of the large new theatre for the Famous Players Corporation to be erected in Calgary, Alberta.

The contract for the building has not been awarded yet, but the plans have been completed and a contract will be let shortly. The work of tearing out the buildings now on the property has now started. The new theatre is to cost about \$400,000.

Farming A Profession

Cannot Now Be Classed With Unskilled Labor.

One of the greatest and most urgent economic problems pressing upon the people of the North American continent is how to make life attractive, and how to retain young people on the farm. With the ever-increasing drift to the cities, the world is threatened with starvation. We are told that the young people are being attracted to the "professions," which in some cases are better financially rewarded.

What is a profession? How distinguishes it from a trade or an occupation? A recent writer specifies four marks which characterize it. A profession implies a special body of technical and scientific knowledge, an extended period of study and practice, a service rendered which is essential to public welfare, the recognition of definite moral obligations by its members to each other and to the community.

Why should not farming be exalted as a profession? The day is long past when reports of a government survey showed that the average unskilled laborer. Vastly more is required than being able to hoe potatoes. Our agricultural colleges are establishing the standard in the scientific, business and political world farmers are taking high place by virtue of their education.

That the largest welfare of the community is very dependent upon them needs no argument. The last year's crop of wheat, a service rendered which is essential to public welfare, the recognition of definite moral obligations by its members to each other and to the community.

Picture Was Destroyed

Suppressed Moving Picture of England Invaded by the Hun.

The British public has just learned from reports of a government committee that a moving picture film prepared by direction of the War Office at a cost of \$117,000 was destroyed by the amateur volunteer firemen because it was considered unsuitable for exhibition in peace time. The film was intended by the Government to show what might have happened if England had been invaded by the Germans, his it was not thought to be suitable for the showing of the army and consequently was never publicly projected.

The Star reported that the film was a masterpiece of realism. There were many scenes depicting the British countryside under enemy rule, from the real incidents of the invasion from Belgium and France and "battles" were arranged in which actual troops took part.

William George Mainwaring, a well-known pageant producer, was given carte blanche by the War Office, which was the circumstances necessary and a staff of naval and military officers to ensure every detail being correct. German uniforms, helmets, bayonets, machine guns, and prisoners of war were appropriated to equip the "invading forces."

A special cinema camp was established in the neighborhood of the island town of Chester, so that airplanes and Zeppelins should not interfere with the production. For two or three hours on a number of days, a railway station at Chester was closed to the public, in order that British and "German" troops might be filmed entraining and detraining. One of the principal difficulties was inducing British soldiers to appear in German uniforms.

The mimic fights were far more real than the biggest fighting film scenes have ever shown, says the report.

Not So Bad.

On his way from his holidays a friend told me that he was fighting a good one day when a country boy who had been watching him from a distance approached him and asked, "How many fish yer got, mister?" "None yet," he was told. "Well, yer sh'n't do so bad," said the young man. "I know of any choice fish fished here for two weeks an' he didn't get any more than you got in half an hour."

Construction Starting on New Theatre.

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—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

BOY SCOUT NEWS

Utilization of Canadian Coals

Review of Different Problems Involved in Their More Widespread Distribution

It is a considerable strain upon public patience to be subjected to severe shortages of fuel from time to time, and, on the other hand, to read frequent statements to the effect that about one-sixth of the total coal resources of the world is possessed by Canada.

To promote a more general understanding of the nature of the numerous problems involved in making greater use of our own fuel resources, the Commission of Conservation carried out a thorough survey of the whole situation, and, in 1913, published the results in a volume entitled "Conservation of Coal in Canada," compiled by W. J. Dick. Mr. Dick made a very exhaustive study, covering the following problems:

- (1) Improvement of Canadian mining methods;
- (2) Cheap power problem in the Prairie Provinces;
- (3) Domestic fuel problem of the Prairie Provinces;
- (4) Utilization of low grade fuels;
- (5) The solving of the problem.

Perhaps the most illuminating feature of the report is the examination of the extent to which the use of Canadian coal is controlled by freight rates.

"Conservation of Coal in Canada"

is a volume of publications issued by the Commission of Conservation to afford the best possible understanding of Canada's fuel and power resources. Copies are freely available on application to the Commission.

Alberta's Exports to U.S.

Amounts to Over \$40,000,000 in Past Eight Months.

Exports from Alberta to the United States amount to over four million dollars for the eight months just closed. The C.P.R. has built facilities there. Besides, good roads radiate from these spots and automobiles or ponies can be engaged in bringing the tourist right into the heart of the best scenic regions.

Banff is situated at an altitude of 4,521 feet in the Canadian National Park. This park is a natural reservation of 5,732 square miles embracing part of the Bow River Valley, numerous small rivers and several towering mountain ranges. Banff National Park, the largest in the world, Cascade Mountain, 9,825 feet high, looks down on Banff Springs Hotel, and the hotel looks down on the Bow River Valley. Buffalo still roam in the Park, and the Zoological Garden contains many Canadian wild animals. Banff is a city of many and many valuable objects of curiosity. In the Museum there is a visitor's book, which is a place provided for remarks on Banff. Looking over the book, one is interested enough to take a note of some of the opinions on Banff. Here are a few:

- "Banff is unexcelled for beauty."
- "Oh, wonder that my tongue could utter the thoughts that arise in me."
- "Almost broke, but happy. Banff to me is just the place to spend a lovely holiday. Let us be happy while we can."

Soldiers Have Good Land

Conditions for Soldier Settlers in New Ontario Districts Are Satisfactory.

Mr. P. Stewart, Head Office Agricultural Settlements, Soldier Settlement Board, Ottawa, on his return from a tour of inspection in New Ontario, where he visited numerous settlers at Sudbury, St. John's, Lethbridge, Fort William, Dryden and Emo, reported generally satisfactory results. Except in a few instances, the soldier settlers are on the main highway, close to shipping points, schools and churches. For the most part, the men were on good land, and had the best of a fair price. The type of settler also is good.

Timber Surveying by Air

Trip Revealed One of Finest Reserves of Spruce.

Aerial surveys of the timber area of Ontario are being conducted by the Ontario Government's Department of Lands, Forests and Mines. The result of a trip over one large area in the northern portion of the province has revealed what is claimed to be one of the finest reserves of spruce in the world. Coincidentally with spraying out timber resources, a recent visit to the open areas suitable for agricultural development. The machine used is an American napalm seaplane and observations may be made within a brief period which would, in the ordinary methods of surveying, require several years' time.

W.N.N. U. 1333

Lovely Regions in the Canadian Rockies

Picturesque Windermere B.C.

If the beauty of the Canadian Rocky Mountains, north of the line between the Dominion and the United States, is not the grandest in the world it is certainly lovely as anywhere, and it is the loveliest on the American continent. The glory of the European Alps is dimmed by the towering snow clad peaks of the Rockies. Travellers on the Canadian Pacific Railway from Calgary, through Banff, Lake Louise, Field and Glacier on to the Pacific Coast view a land in which they feel themselves transferred to an earthly paradise.

The gigantic heights, the snow capped peaks, the rugged boulders, the pines growing in the sand and rock crevices up as far as the snow line are amongst the most impressive features of the Rocky Mountains. How the builders of the C.P.R. ever were able to excavate their way through this region is one of the wonders of the world.

Visitors whose time is limited should anyway explore a portion of the Rocky Mountain region and stay off at Banff and Lake Louise, points where the C.P.R. has built luxurious hotels. Besides, good roads radiate from these spots and automobiles or ponies can be engaged in bringing the tourist right into the heart of the best scenic regions.

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Fortune on Prairies

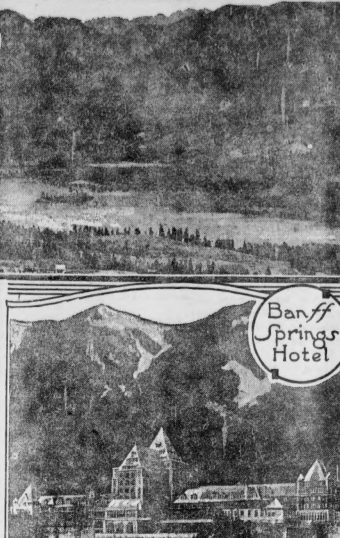
Good Dairy Cows.

The Agricultural Department of Saskatchewan is purchasing 100 good young grade dairy cows and heifers in Eastern Canada at an estimated cost of \$100,000 for resale on easy terms to bona-fide farmers. Only farmers at present engaged, or who are entering the dairy business, will agree to have these cows bred to pure-bred lines of the same breeding.

He said: "I spent one of the greatest days of my life in an auto tour of 160 miles south and west of Regina. We travelled through a marvellous world of waving gold. Vancouver people have the idea of the wealth of the country centering around Regina, Moose Jaw and Calgary. Hundreds of millions of dollars will be taken from these fields this autumn. Business of all kinds is excellent and railway traffic never knew such hours."

Notable Increase in Sheep Breeds.

At the English Royal show held in 1916, there were 505 entries of sheep represented and 505 entries. This year's show included twenty-four breeds and 739 entries, a notable increase, even as compared with last year. This year's show, Dorset Down, in twenty-six breeds received an entry of 586 head. Of the breeds that were represented, there were 32 of this year's show, Dorset Down, the Exmoor and the South Welsh, and in their place there was one new breed, the Black Faced Dale.



Banff Springs Hotel

"What more can anyone desire?"

"Cannot be better."

"Beyond description."

"If I did not go to heaven when I die, I would like to go to Banff next to heaven."

Here one may look upon the face of God.

Scenarists are employed to give visitors to Banff unusual thrills this year. They are being used in preference to aeroplanes because the lakes in the mountains offer landing and take-off stations for them, whereas such facilities are not available for the ordinary machine. The lake at Banff has been secured as the base of operations, and fights over the mountains and on the isolated lakes are projected.

The lake known as Lake Louise is a small sheet of water surrounded by mountains on all sides but one, and on this open side stands the Chateau Lake Louise looking out on the lake and the heights above. The water in Lake Louise at different periods of the day puts on the most wonderful views of green which baffles description. Some of the mountains at Lake Louise are Saddleback, 7,893 feet high; Fairview, 9,000; Lefroy, 11,220; Victoria, 11,355; Whyte, 9,776; Big Beehive, 7,430. Snow guides conduct the day parties on the most wonderful views of green which baffles description. Some of the mountains at Lake Louise are Saddleback, 7,893 feet high; Fairview, 9,000; Lefroy, 11,220; Victoria, 11,355; Whyte, 9,776; Big Beehive, 7,430. Snow guides conduct the day parties on the most wonderful views of green which baffles description.

To Help Dairy Farming

Good Dairy Cows.

The Agricultural Department of Saskatchewan is purchasing 100 good young grade dairy cows and heifers in Eastern Canada at an estimated cost of \$100,000 for resale on easy terms to bona-fide farmers. Only farmers at present engaged, or who are entering the dairy business, will agree to have these cows bred to pure-bred lines of the same breeding.

He said: "I spent one of the greatest days of my life in an auto tour of 160 miles south and west of Regina. We travelled through a marvellous world of waving gold. Vancouver people have the idea of the wealth of the country centering around Regina, Moose Jaw and Calgary. Hundreds of millions of dollars will be taken from these fields this autumn. Business of all kinds is excellent and railway traffic never knew such hours."

Fencing High Temperatures

Men Who Make Calcium Carbide Wear Asbestos Clothing.

Few people know who has to face the highest temperature ever devised by human agency. It is the man who makes calcium carbide, that greyish substance which is used in thousands of cycle and motor lamps to generate acetylene. Carbide is composed of a mixture of lime and coal. The two substances are placed in a furnace, and a temperature of over 5,400 degrees F. is generated. That is over 2,000 degrees more than is necessary to melt copper, lime or platinum. It requires 3,000 horse-power of electrical energy to obtain the necessary degree of heat. The men who work in the furnace and pouring off the molten carbide is a warm job. The workmen must wear asbestos clothing and strong masks to protect them from the tremendous heat and glare.

Advocates Rape For Lambs.

The South Dakota College of Agriculture at Brookings advocates the use of rape grown in grain fields as a pasture for lambs. The practice increases the fertility of the soil and improves the condition of weeds. Experiments have shown that lambs fed oats while on rape pasture gave greater gains than those fed corn or barley while on rape pasture. In two tests lambs on rape receiving 34 and 36 of a pound; lambs receiving 32 of a pound; lambs receiving rape and barley gained 43 and 37 of a pound, and lambs receiving oats and rape gained 43 and 36 of a pound per head daily.

Pacific Coast Cement Industry

Big Trade Being Developed With Australia and New Zealand.

The cement industry on the Pacific Coast of British Columbia has, with the opening of new markets, received a sudden impetus and the outlook in that industry has never looked so favorable as at the present time.

Within the past few months Australia, New Zealand, South America and the Fiji and Philippine Islands have commenced to bid for British Columbia cement. In this export trade, Vancouver Island has a distinct advantage over other Pacific coast plants on account of its tide-water location and easy access to sea transportation.

During the last three or four months the British Columbia Cement Company has shipped 7,000 barrels of cement to Australia, and another 1,000 barrels will be leaving shortly for the same destination. Three thousand barrels have been sent to South American ports, and still more have been contracted for in New Zealand, the Fiji group and the Philippines. This shows that the cement industry has been extended in the hope that the British Columbia industry may secure a permanent foothold in the cement trade of these islands. Before the war the company made no attempt to supply the demand outside British Columbia.

The demand for cement has grown to such proportions lately that the company is now preparing to re-open its Bannockburn plant, which has been closed for about four years. The Tod Inlet unit has a capacity for producing 500,000 barrels of cement a year, and the Bannockburn plant's output is 600,000 barrels.

Ownership of Brands Ends in March, 1921

Steps Should Be Taken to Guard Against Confusion.

The 1919 settlement to the Saskatchewan Brand Book has just been received from the printer, according to brand recorder W. F. Windatt, and may be purchased from his office.

There is opened to tourists this summer a new resort of rustic design in the Canadian Rockies on the sandy beaches of Lake Windermere, the loveliest warm water lake in British Columbia. Lake Windermere is situated about 170 miles south of the Main Line of the Canadian Pacific and is reached from the main line at Golden, or from Collalwa on the Crow's Nest, the station being Lake Louise.

The scenery of this region combining as it does, pastoral softness with rugged mountain grandeur, will attract visitors from all parts and become a favorite playground.

The summer visitor will find here everything that he could wish, bathing, boating, riding on mountain ponies to great canyons and glaciers, golf, automobileing, fishing and big game hunting in season.

The Canadian Pacific has erected a number of cabins fully equipped with every convenience of the modern home. An auto road from Banff in the course of construction by the Dominion Parks Board.

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Additional Bow Island

Mrs. M.J. Brophy left Medicine Hat visitor this week.

Mrs. Landry and children of Lethbridge are visiting at the home of her sister Mrs. L.M. Cullen for a few days.

Mrs. F.J. Brophy left for Vancouver last Monday.

Mrs. J. Halloran and Francis were Medicine Hat visitors this week.

Mr. McNeil corner of Lethbridge motored through here last Tuesday on his way to Medicine Hat.

Constable Rowe of Foremost was the guest of Constable Bradner last Sunday.

Mrs. J. Gray of Winnifred was here on business last Saturday.

Mr. W. Currie of Good Cheer was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

Mr. P. LaMarsh and John LaMarsh motored to Medicine Hat last Friday.

The man that does "No Advertisers" is not in real business.

Dr. Huettel of the Lords' Day Alliance, will visit Bow Island on Tuesday 12th. October.

It is expected that the Rev. W. E. Gallaway of the Young Peoples Association will visit Burdett on Tuesday 12th. October and Bow Island on Wednesday the 13th. Oct.

The W. M. N. of the United Church held a successful meeting last Wednesday.

A good programme was given and an enjoyable time was spent by all.

Mrs. E.C. Ludike held a sale of household goods last Saturday but owing to the high wind there were not many there.

The regular meeting of the School Board was held Monday evening at which several matters of improvement to the School furnishings and equipment were decided on. The Principal reported to the board a total enrolment of 123 for the month of September and an average attendance of 86 per cent, the staff are working energetically and harmoniously and a successful term is anticipated.

Mrs. Becker of Toronto will address the people of Bow Island on Tuesday afternoon 12th. October at the Rest Room in the interests of the Referendum Campaign. Everybody make it a point to come and hear the issue, it will interest you.

Mrs. Draudon of the Local School staff was called to Medicine Hat last Saturday evening on account of an unfortunate accident to her father who was very seriously injured.

United Church

The Missionary Anniversary will be held on Sunday the 10th. October Sunday School at 11 a.m. Church at 7:30 p.m.

Rev. Viggins of Tabor will speak at Bible School at 11 o'clock. Synonymed at 3 p.m. and Bow Island at the Evening Service.

Mrs. Almond Nason, with baby and little Joseph, Miss Louise Ancion and Jeanette, and Mrs. Frank Ley were business visitors to town last Wednesday.

Two Bootleggers Escape

Two Bootleggers, German Americans, who had been arrested at Etzikon by Constable Rowe of Foremost and Constable Streetfield of Lethbridge with a large supply of liquor, escaped from custody last Friday, whilst on their way to Fort. Assiniboia, in default of payment, they had got as far as Purple Springs, when one of the cars got stuck in the sand whereupon help had to be given to release it, in doing so Constable Rowe was left in charge of the two prisoners and the car, on getting out one of the prisoners pushed Constable Rowe and the other tripped him off his feet while Rowe was picking himself up they had taken possession of the car which had been confiscated and made a clean get away. Constable Rowe fired shots after them but to no avail, they were still at large at the time of going to press.

Blairmore

A young woman of Blairmore attempted to commit suicide by shooting herself with a revolver about two weeks ago, she was an Italian by birth, her mother dying when she was a little child, her father was very cruel to her, she had no desire to live, eventually her father married again but still was very cruel to her and her brothers and sisters which were later taken away from him and adopted out, but she had been working for a Dr. and his mother and father of Blairmore for over a year but her only desire was that she wanted to be with her mother which led to the shooting she managed to get the Dr. to go to the deed, she is now lying in Coleman Hospital in a critical condition.

The so called Business Man that does not Advertise is mentally dead and is not a Business man in the true sense of the word, just watch that so called Business man's actions, and you will easily assess his mentality.

Winnifred

From our own Correspondent

Mr. Howard Elliott of Calgary was a business caller at Winnifred.

Miss Doherty Denison is spending a few days visiting in Medicine Hat.

Mrs. A.N. Wetherall will entertain the Ladies Aid October 7. Everybody Welcome.

Mrs. P.C. Bushring, Mr. and Mrs. T. English and Mrs. George Shutt visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Pederson last Sunday.

Mr. P.C. Buchring shipped four cars of stock to St. Paul.

Mr. B. Cotherp left Thursday for the North Country looking for a location.

Mrs. P. Coleman and daughter Marion of Whitts were callers at the home of the Rev. and Mrs. Rodgers and Mr. and Mrs. R.H. Smith.

Ed Gosselin returned Thursday from his business trip to Idaho.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy McLean and Mrs. W. McLean motored to Medicine Hat on a shopping trip.

Mr. Bryan McDonald, Mr. George Scott, Mr. A. McDougall and Mr. Olson motored to Medicine Hat to offer proof on their pre-emption.

Mrs. H.E. McDonald of Calgary who has been visiting with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J.W. McFarlane leaves for her home this week.

Mrs. and Mrs. Ed Gosselin spent Friday evening in Medicine Hat. Mr. Gosselin returned home Saturday. Mrs. Gosselin stayed over until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Pete Hockstrome were Medicine Hat visitors Saturday and Sunday visiting with their daughter Iner who is attending the Convent.

Mr. Jack Rynga spent Saturday in Medicine Hat.

Mr. Flint Doherty visited with Mr. and Mrs. Jack Doherty of Lethbridge over Sunday.

DATES for AUCTION SALES

If you intend to have a Sale, be sure you leave the date at Review Office, Bow Island for D.M. Garrison Auctioneer.

Notice the dates of following Sales.

Don't forget the date of Mrs. M.E. Lyon's Auction Sale 5 1/2 south miles of Burdett 27th. October 1920.

Also Mrs. E. Munro, 3 miles East of Bow Island, on 14th. October.

U.F.A. Plan Big Fall Drive

The Central Political Committee of the U.F.A. have now made definite plans for taking a membership drive to cover the whole province the first week in November, Manitoba and Saskatchewan have completed arrangements for a similar drive for exactly the same time. Therefore, this drive will extend throughout the three prairie provinces during the first week of November.

The object throughout the drive in each Province will be the same to collect the sum of Six Dollars from every farmer in the Province, and to make every farmer and farm woman, farmer's son and farmer's daughter, a member of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. and political member in good standing, and to place our official organ in every farm home. The plan is One Dollar out of six will go into a central organization fund, out of which all expenses of the drive will be paid. This drive is to be self-supporting.

It is to be paid for entirely out of the proceeds of the drive, but it is planned that the local District Political Association, and Central will each receive One Dollar net from the membership subscription.

This is a critical moment in the history of our organization. Last year the decision to take political action and the large district conventions in every constituency aroused great enthusiasm. Ten thousand new members were added to our organization. This enthusiasm naturally has not remained at boiling point, since there is no election immediately in sight. It is imperative, however, that we not only keep our organization at full strength, but that we bend every energy to make the U.F.A. One Hundred per cent strong in every district. All the forces of reaction and special privileges are arrayed against us with determination and with resources greater than ever before, to smash the Farmers' movement. The Premier of Canada, Hon. Arthur Meighen, has publicly denounced Hon. T.A. Craig and H.W. Wood as leaders of "the w-weakers" of Canada. That cry and the old "loyalty cry" and other political subterfuge will be used against us. Some people will believe what they are told. It is imperative that every farmer and farm woman be got into the organization where they can learn at first hand what the organization stands for. Only then will they be proof against the insidious influence which will be brought to bear.

This is the biggest united cooperative effort to enlist every farmer and farm woman in the farmers' movement that has ever been attempted. It should yield big returns. A similar drive put on in Manitoba for ten days last March yielded \$48,567.82; while the Liberty Drive in Saskatchewan put on in October 1919, and planned for one day only, yielded \$82,450.00. There is no question that results can be obtained in every constituency and every district. With crop conditions

as they are in Alberta this year, and with the efficient machinery of our district organizations, the prospects for such a drive are splendid. It ought to be possible to reach the objective of fifty thousand members for the U.F.A. for 1920. The Committee want also to enlist every member of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. as an active member of the political association. They believe it can be done.

Navy League arranging for General Campaign Throughout Canada during October

The Navy League of Canada is arranging for a general appeal for funds to assist them in their work throughout Canada, during the month of October.

Already over 300 committees have been arranged for in Alberta. The work will be in charge of J.A. Irvine, assisted by Capt. Harper who is coming West to help in the Province of Alberta. It is also expected that Admiral Beville will address a number of meetings in the West in the interest of the work.

The Navy League has already done a great work not only in Canada but overseas. Their work for boys through the Naval Brigade is increasing by leaps and bounds; this year between five or six thousand were given special outings and instructions. In Alberta over 120 had the privilege of attending the summer camp at Sylvan Lake and the good deed by the boys cannot be estimated.

Bow Island has been asked to contribute the sum of \$50.00 and this amount should be easily raised. The following local committee have been asked to assist: J.W. Reid, Chairman, J.M. Milroy, R.H. Robertson, A. Craig, V.A. Bateman, W.S. Henry and J.R. Fortune.

Bargain Column

FOR SALE Automatic Knitting Machine

Will make all your own Hosiery, and there is a Demand for all you can make, you can Earn big money at home. Reasonable price. Also a Calligraph Typewriter in splendid condition. Reasonable price. A Home Phonograph for Sale. Reasonable price. Sewing Machine Oil's, and Sewing Machine Belts for sale. Mower Sicksles. Two good Mower Sicksles meet long. A bargain. One Democrat Neck Yoke. Two Whiffle-trees and one Single-tree. All the above can be seen at The Review Office 14th Bow Island. Call or write.

The Weather October 1920

Friday 5th. High winds.
Saturday 2nd. Sunny and windy.
Sunday 3rd. Warm and clear.
Monday 4th. Bright and warm.
Tuesday 5th. Bright and Sultry.
Wednesday 6th. " " "
Thursday 7th. Stormy and rain.

Bow Island Review

CHAS. AVERY, PROP.
Publishing Office, Bow Island, Alta.
Subscription Rates
Canada \$2.00 a year
United States \$3.00 a year
Advertising Rates.

All Advertisements and Subscriptions must be paid in advance. Legal notices, per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths will be charged for at the rate of 50c per insertion.

Announcements of entertainments etc., conducted by churches, societies, etc., where admission is charged, at half price.

Classified ads., such as "Wanted," "For Sale," etc., 75c first insertion and \$1.50 for three insertions.

Cards of thanks \$1.00. Local ads. causing reading matter, 12c per line first insertion, 5c per line each following insertion.

No advertisement less than 75c.

Don't forget the date of W.J. Redmon's Auction Sale 2 miles north of Burdett 10th. October 1920.

Don't forget the date of Art Brouwer's Sale on the 11th. October.

James L. Larsen Auctioneer

PROWSE & LYONS

Barbers, Solicitors, Notaries Etc. Office next to Post Office. Bow Island every Friday afternoon and all Saturdays. Tel.: — Alberta.

For Sale

Horse, Buggy and Harness for sale — Cheap \$60. Apply Review Office Bow Island.

For Rent

A two room Shack with gas laid on, barn, chicken house, on two lots, fenced. Apply Review Office Bow Island.

Send in your News Items. No Charge made to publish News Items — only Advertisements, Obituaries and Cards of Thanks charged for.

If You Want Careful Printing Done

Such as

Wedding or Funeral Notices,
Tickets for Entertainments or Dances,

Letterheads, Envelopes, Statements,
Auction Posters or Handbills.

See Us
Prices Reasonable

Give Us A Trial.

THE REVIEW

Bow Island, Alta.

Just Imagine
The delicious preserves you would make from One Thousand Acres of ripe, luscious fruit in the chest, using nothing with it but the best and the most scientific machinery to turn it all out just as perfect. This is just how

E. D. SMITH & SONS
MAKE THEIR JAM

They were the first to make Pure Fruit Jam in popularity. Try a tin of this famous E. D. Smith's Jam, and you will know.

E. D. Smith & Sons, Limited
Western
Waters & Truett, Winnipeg, Regina and
Calgary and Edmonton

you could walk out into an orchard of
in the pink of condition, picking only
cane sugar, and if, in addition, you
out—Don't you think your jam would

SONS, Limited
AND JELLIES

ame in Canada, and are still leading
sons strawberry. It is delicious.
ams with the Maple Leaf label.

**ated Fruit Growers and Preservers,
WINONA, ONTARIO**

ributors
Saskatoon, Sask. Donald H. Palm Co.
Antony, Alta.

Japan in a silk mill which is operated by women and the total capital of \$1,500,000 was subscribed by women.

Minard's Liniment For Sale Everywhere.

Mineral Output in B.C.
An official estimate of the mineral output for British Columbia for 1919 places the value at \$33,266,313.

W. N. U. 1336

MacLeod. In 1907 he was appointed Manager at Lashburn, afterwards becoming Manager at Lanigan. In January, 1911, he was appointed manager of the Bank's Branch at Fort Frances, Ontario, and has been connected with the Inspector's Department at Winnipeg since 1913, first Assistant Inspector and later as Inspector.

The particular occasion of the

It arrests the development of eczema and makes the skin soft, smooth and velvety.

50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edman & Co.,
Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

**Dr. Chase's
Ointment**

CASH PRIZES

for all

BOYS and GIRLS
Of All Ages
IN ALL DISTRICTS

Including

Any Part of Canada or United States

given by

The Bow Island Review

for

New Subscribers and the Best Essay on "Canada"

1st.	Prize for Best Essay and 5 New Subscribers	\$5.00 Cash
2nd.	" " " " " 3 " "	\$3.00 "
3rd.	" " " " " 2 " "	\$2.00 "
4th.	" " " " " 1 " "	\$1.00 "

To those who are too young to write Essays "Consolation Prizes" of 50 cents will be given for Each New Subscriber
No Limit to the Number of Subscribers, the More Subscribers you get, the More Money you will make.

Any time you get a New Subscriber you will get 50 cents.

Cash for the New Subscribers must be sent in with the List of their names.
from outside points.

Send Money Order when sending

The Teacher of your Class to decide the order of Merit of the Essays

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

PLACE OF SALE: MUNICIPAL OFFICE, BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA

Township 10, Range 10										Township 10, Range 11									
Description	Taxes	Costs	Lot	Block	Taxes	Costs	Description	Taxes	Costs	Description	Taxes	Costs	Description	Taxes	Costs	Description	Taxes	Costs	Description
N.W. 1-10-10-4.	\$74.50	\$100.00	N.E. 15-10-10-4.	245.70	\$100.00	N.E. 1-10-11-4.	\$37.77	\$100.00	N.E. 27-10-11-4.	\$86.65	\$100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	40.94	23.24	3	---	4.05	25.00	---
N.W. 2-10-10-4.	84.56	100.00	N.E. 16-10-10-4.	68.48	100.00	N.E. 1-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 34-11-11-4.	26.82	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	19.72	100.00	25.26	---	3	---	4.05
N.W. 3-10-10-4.	84.56	100.00	N.E. 17-10-10-4.	103.25	100.00	N.E. 1-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 35-11-11-4.	26.02	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	80.79	27	---	2	---	2.15	25.00
N.W. 4-10-10-4.	41.54	100.00	N.E. 18-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 2-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 36-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.W. 5-10-10-4.	84.56	100.00	N.E. 19-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 3-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 37-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.W. 6-10-10-4.	41.54	100.00	N.E. 20-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 4-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 38-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.W. 7-10-10-4.	84.56	100.00	N.E. 21-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 5-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 39-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 5-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 22-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 6-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 40-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 6-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 23-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 7-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 41-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 7-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 24-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 8-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 42-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 8-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 25-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 9-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 43-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 9-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 26-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 10-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 44-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 10-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 27-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 11-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 45-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 11-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 28-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 12-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 46-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 12-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 29-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 13-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 47-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28.35	---	3	---	15.04
N.E. 13-10-10-4.	69.21	100.00	N.E. 30-10-10-4.	105.25	100.00	N.E. 14-10-11-4.	37.77	100.00	N.E. 48-11-11-4.	35.31	100.00	N.W. 6-11-12-4.	132.32	100.00	28				

WHY EXPERIMENT?

Food scientists claim that the leavening is largely responsible for the flavor, texture and wholesomeness of your home baking. That on no other one ingredient does so much depend. It is important, therefore, to use a baking powder that you know possesses the necessary leavening qualities.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Contains No Alum

and is the only strictly high class baking powder in Canada selling at a moderate price. Its reputation is built on purity and highest quality.

The only well known medium priced baking powder made in Canada that does not contain alum and that has all its ingredients plainly stated on the label.

Made in Canada

The Demand for Uniformity

In this very practical age there is a widespread demand for the adoption of uniform methods in business, uniform systems of currency and weights and measures uniform laws in relation to many subjects, even a uniform language, and some people waver, amidst a host of simplified calendars, a uniform church, while the extremists in the ranks of labor would have all men and women become servants of the state, with no private ownership of property. In a word, there is a growing tendency to standardize everything that can be standardized without giving much thought to the all-important question whether such standardization would, ultimately, prove to be of benefit to the human race.

In order to provide for quantity production, standardization is necessary. The well equipped that truth. Furthermore, standardization makes for economy in manufacture. Hardly anyone will deny that if it were possible to standardize all makes of agricultural machinery, with all parts interchangeable, it would mean an enormous saving in time, labor and money. And what is true in regard to implements of agriculture, standardization is really true in many other lines.

Efforts which have been put forth in recent years in Canada to bring about a larger degree of uniformity in legislation are also along the right line. With a Federal Parliament and nine Provincial Legislatures all passing laws every twelve months, and in many instances all dealing with the same subject, the need for uniformity where it is at all possible is quite manifest if confusion is to be avoided and people enabled to have a clear understanding of the law. It is, therefore, gratifying to know that success is attending the efforts of those who are striving to bring about uniform insurance laws, uniform laws governing companies, a uniform divorce law, and so on. The various movements to establish through uniform qualifications for doctors, lawyers, dentists, school teachers, etc., so that persons qualified in any of these professions in one Province will be eligible to follow them in another Province, are sane, sensible and economically and nationally wise.

There are, however, some demands for uniformity which should receive careful scrutiny and serious consideration before they are complied with. Take, for example, the agitation for a common language. In the first place it is a waste of time because it is impractical. People will not first renounce their mother tongue, and while it is right and proper that in an English-speaking country every child should be obliged to learn English, and the teaching of English in every school should be insisted upon, it is the height of folly to expect all people to abandon the use of their native tongue. And to endeavor to create a universal language for the world, whether it be English, or French, or Latin, or Esperanto, is futile. But even if it could be accomplished, would not the human race be the loser through such uniformity and the elimination of all the beauties of expression of which every language has its share? Even though the practical advantages of a universal language, would not the losses resulting therefrom more than offset the practical advantages gained?

Then there are those who would have the metric or decimal system of weights, measures and volume adopted all over the world. Others would reform the calendar and provide for a year of thirteen months, each containing exactly four weeks, so that any given date would always fall on the same day of the week; that is, if the 1st, 8th, 15th and 22nd of January were Sunday, so, too, would the same dates in all the other months fall on Sunday, and what would be true of Sunday would be likewise true of every other day in the week. These changes would, of course, have their advantages; but in view of the tremendous upheaval they would work in so many ways, their adoption is very remote. Little is to be gained, therefore, in wasting time over them.

But wherever it is possible to bring it about there should be uniformity in legislation within Canada. Such uniformity will tend to unify our people; it will have a tendency to develop that national spirit of which this Dominion stands so greatly in need. Quite as much as a protective tariff will assist to develop interprovincial trade and enable Canadian industrial and financial interests to do a successful business in Canada, the three Prairie Provinces of the West have advanced along this line to a far greater extent than the rest of Canada, and their example may well be followed by the other Provinces, and also further developed here in the West.

Your table drink will never bother nerves or sleep if you quit coffee and drink

INSTANT POSTUM

Better health results and you'll appreciate the economy and convenience

AT GROCERS EVERYWHERE

There's a Reason for Postum



Indian Acquires Wealth

Forty-five Bushels to the Acre on the Indian Reserves.

The value of the crop now being taken off the Government Greater Production Farms is estimated at \$2,500,000 by officials of the department of Indian affairs here. It is stated that the wheat on the Alberta farms is running forty-five bushels to the acre and is grading No. 1. Fifteen cars have been moved east. The rate of being threshed at the rate of 20,000 bushels a day by ten outfits. One hundred thousand bushels of the estimated 500,000 bushel crop have been threshed.

The year's profits will be well over \$1,000,000.

Minard's Liniment for Burns, Etc.

W. N. U. 1336.

Save Waste Paper

Takes Place of Wood Pulp and Saves Millions of Trees.

Few of us realize the importance of saving waste paper. Today when the country is threatened with a wood and paper famine and our forests are disappearing so rapidly every effort should be made to save every scrap of paper. It is estimated that the saving of paper would make it possible to save over 1,000,000 feet of lumber each year. Waste paper, such as old magazines, books, almanacs, printed matter and paper boxes, takes the place of wood pulp and saves millions of trees. Such material is used for paper, making paper boxes, roofing and building boards and paper shipping containers of all kinds, which carry as much as 100 pounds. If everyone would save the waste paper in his home it would not be necessary to use a single tree for such material. It would require more than 500,000 tons of lumber each year to make the paper shipping cases used throughout the country.

Scotland Yard now employs X-ray in searching the wearing apparel of suspects for hidden papers, valuables, weapons and poisons.

A safe and new medicine for a child troubled with worms is Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator.

The Talking Rock.

Have you ever heard the origin of the name "Talking Rock," a post office in Pickett County, Georgia? The Boston Post told it this way: "Some one discovered in the vicinity a large stone upon which had been painted the words: 'Turn me over.' It required considerable strength to accomplish this, and when it was done the command, 'Now turn me back and let me [so] comfortably else,' was found painted on the other side of the stone."—Christian Advocate.

Battlefield and Lloydminster Crops.

In the Battleford and Lloydminster districts, threshing has commenced and a considerable amount of grain has reached the elevator, one elevator receiving 15,000 bushels last week. While in some limited areas in this district some of the wheat was sprouting, general conditions are very favorable.

Sunken Eyes Brighten Quickly, Health Returns

As a Message to Ailing Women Doctor Hamilton Tells How It Is Done

In speaking of the ill from which women suffer, Dr. Hamilton points out that nine out of every ten women are by nature inclined to habitual constipation. Women are naturally predisposed to only internally the trouble. Although not generally known, it is a constitutional condition of the bowels that causes half the ailments and tired weariness which all mankind is so familiar. It was after long years of study that Dr. Hamilton perfected pills which have been of such marvelous benefit to women. These pills are absolutely specific for constipation, sick headache and biliousness. It is safe to say that Dr. Hamilton's pills bring better health and keep the system in a more vigorous condition than any other medicine ever discovered. At all dealers, in 25c boxes.

Valuable Wheat Shipment.

A hopper freight car of the Canadian Pacific Rwy., known as the "Number 240,000," has the honor of carrying the largest and most valuable shipment of wheat which ever rolled over the rails eastward from the western prairies. It hails from the Rathwell district of Manitoba, bound for Fort William, and consists of 2,500 bushels of first class wheat, valued at \$7,150.

Mittler's Worm Powders are complete in themselves. They not only drive worms from the system, but repair the damage that worms cause and so invigorate the constitution that the system recovers from the disorders of the digestion that are the result of the work of these parasitic intruders. They do their work thoroughly and strength and soundness follow their use.

The terrible invasions made by the war upon the men in France leaves that country at the present time with only one man to every fifteen women.

Your Granulated Eyelids, Eyes

Your Druggist or by mail, send for Free Book. Ask for Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Moving Pictures of Livestock Industry

Pathe Corporation is Working in Conjunction With Grain Growers' Association.

Manor, Sask., is the scene of the initial chapters of a film story which is being prepared by the Pathe Film Corporation, which will show the working of the cattle industry from producer to market.

The film is being made by arrangement with the Grain Growers' Association, and shows the cattle on the farm of Chris Jacob, followed by a scene of a large shipment being collected and loaded on the cars at the Manor stockyards and thence to the Winnipeg market.

On completion the film will be shown extensively throughout the west, and it is expected to show the western farmer in a way that could not otherwise be done, why some cattle are sold at a loss, and how to get the best results in marketing livestock.

Grain Growers' Smile.

The grain growers of the West just smile when told that eighty per cent. of the produce of Canadian wheat is consumed in the Dominion. It would take Canadian consumers almost five years to eat this year's wheat crop.—Toronto Globe.

"When she gave you the piece of cake, did you say, 'Thank you?'" "Yes, but it didn't do me good." "Didn't do you good?" "No; she didn't give me another piece!"

No Rest With Asthma. Asthma usually attacks at night, the one time when rest is needed most. Hence the loss of strength, the nervous irritability, the loss of flesh and other evils which must be expected unless relief is secured. Fortunately relief is possible. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has proved its merit through years of service. A trial will surely convince you.

To Increase Membership

Knights of Pythias Reducing Minimum Age Limit to Eighteen

In conformity with its general program of policy of expansion by which it is proposed to carry the principles of the order into new fields of Pythian endeavor, the Knights of Pythias at the recent biennial convention of its Supreme Lodge at Minneapolis adopted an amendment to its organic law reducing the minimum age limit to 18 years. Since the order was founded, membership has been restricted to white male persons not less than 21 years of age and under 50 except that persons over 50 might be accepted as members by dispensation. But out of the great World War many lessons came of a nature calculated to change the old order of things.

Inspired by thoughts of service performed and sacrifices made by the boys of the land and being deeply sensible to the conviction that if a boy of 18 years is man enough, strong enough and patriotic enough to serve his country in time of war, he is competent physically, mentally and temperamentally to participate in the settlement of the problems of peace that came to us as a heritage of the war.

The Knights of Pythias have invited boys and men of 18 years and over to enlist under the tricolor banner of Pythian Knighthood in the movement designed to banish discontent and discord and make the world brighter and happier.

Test of Friendship.

A man seldom goes to a friend for a loan if he really needs the money.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"

contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Laches, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Stomach, Indigestion, etc.

Always get an unbroken tablet, not a "Bayer Tablet of Aspirin" which is a few cents. Larger "Bayer" packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered) of the Bayer Company, which is the only manufacturer to make the Bayer Cross.

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OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

This is a Short Letter, But It Proves the Reliability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bothwell, Ont.—"I was weak and run down, had no appetite and was nervous. The reason why Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now I am getting stronger. I recommend your medicine to my friends, and you may use my testimonial."—Mrs. W. J. Brady, R. R. 2, Bothwell, Ont.

The reason why Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so successful in overcoming woman's life is because it contains the best, strongest and purest of food-furnished roots and herbs, which act on the female organism. Women from all parts of the country are constantly testifying to its strengthening, curative influence, and as it contains no narcotics or harmful drugs it is a safe medicine for women.

If you want special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (consultant), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read, and answered by mail only.

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruit taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California".

LET "DANDERINE" SAVE YOUR HAIR

Get rid of every bit of that ugly dandruff and stop falling hair



To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of "Danderine" at any drug or toilet store for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After several applications the hair usually stops coming out, and you can't find any dandruff. Soon every hair on your scalp shows new life, grows bright, thickens and more color.

Although there is a steady demand for "Danderine" hair, the clippings from many heads have no commercial value.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"

contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Laches, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Stomach, Indigestion, etc.

Always get an unbroken tablet, not a "Bayer Tablet of Aspirin" which is a few cents. Larger "Bayer" packages.

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DATE OF SALE:-
PLACE OF SALE:-

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19th. 1920, at 1 o'clock, p.m.
VILLAGE COUNCIL CHAMBER, Burdett, Albert.

Notice is hereby given that the following Lands in the Village of Burdett, in the Province of Alberta, will be offered for Sale for Arrears of Taxes and Costs, unless the Arrears of Taxes and Costs be sooner paid, on Friday the 19th day of November, A.D. 1920, at the hour of 1 o'clock p.m. at the Village Council Chamber, Burdett, Alberta.

Dated at the Village of Burdett, in the Province of Alberta, the 20th day of September, A.D. 1920.

G. H. Johnston, Secretary-Treasurer, Village of Burdett, Alberta.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY— PLAN No. 248 A				DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY— PLAN No. 248 A				DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY— PLAN No. 248 A				DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY— PLAN No. 248 A			
Lot	Block	Total Areas of Taxes	Costs	Lot	Block	Total Areas of Taxes	Costs	Lot	Block	Total Areas of Taxes	Costs	Lot	Block	Total Areas of Taxes	Costs
1-2	1	68.71	1.00	13-12	1	68.71	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	124.49	1.00
3-4	1	5.80	1.00	13-12	1	6.80	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	48.38	1.00
5-6	1	45.75	1.00	13-12	1	46.75	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
7-8	1	7.94	1.00	13-12	1	8.94	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	11.54	1.00
9-10	1	40.40	1.00	13-12	1	41.40	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
11-12	1	40.60	1.00	13-12	1	41.60	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
13-17	1	30.58	1.00	13-12	1	31.58	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
19-20	1	10.70	1.00	13-12	1	11.70	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
21-22	1	150.10	1.00	13-12	1	151.10	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
23-24	1	72.33	1.00	13-12	1	73.33	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
25-26	1	96.61	1.00	13-12	1	97.61	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
27-28	1	70.90	1.00	13-12	1	71.90	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
29-30	1	6.68	1.00	13-12	1	7.68	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
31-32	1	35.36	1.00	13-12	1	36.36	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
33-34	1	157.86	1.00	13-12	1	158.86	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
35-36	1	231.52	1.00	13-12	1	232.52	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
37-38	1	68.79	1.00	13-12	1	69.79	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
39-40	1	85.50	1.00	13-12	1	86.50	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
41-42	1	20.76	1.00	13-12	1	21.76	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
43-44	1	97.14	1.00	13-12	1	98.14	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
45-46	1	67.73	1.00	13-12	1	68.73	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
47-48	1	86.02	1.00	13-12	1	87.02	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
49-50	1	39.11	1.00	13-12	1	40.11	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
51-52	1	24.82	1.00	13-12	1	25.82	1.00	15-17	2	2.50	1.00	15-20	3	37.00	1.00
21-22	2	41.34	1.00	23-24	2	42.34	1.00	25-26	2	41.34	1.00	27-28	2	41.34	1.00
29-30	2	19.47	1.00	31-32	2	20.47	1.00	33-34	2	19.47	1.00	35-36	2	19.47	1.00
37-38	2	5.24	1.00	39-40	2	6.24	1.00	41-42	2	5.24	1.00	43-44	2	5.24	1.00
21-22	2	98.14	1.00	23-24	2	99.14	1.00	25-26	2	98.14	1.00	27-28	2	98.14	1.00
29-30	2	8.12	1.00	31-32	2	9.12	1.00	33-34	2	8.12	1.00	35-36	2	8.12	1.00
37-38	2	113.08	1.00	39-40	2	114.08	1.00	41-42	2	113.08	1.00	43-44	2	113.08	1.00
45-46	2	75.73	1.00	47-48	2	76.73	1.00	49-50	2	75.73	1.00	51-52	2	75.73	1.00
53-54	2	25.49	1.00	55-56	2	26.49	1.00	57-58	2	25.49	1.00	59-60	2	25.49	1.00
61-62	2	26.41	1.00	63-64	2	27.41	1.00	65-66	2	26.41	1.00	67-68	2	26.41	1.00
69-70	2	113.05	1.00	71-72	2	114.05	1.00	73-74	2	113.05	1.00	75-76	2	113.05	1.00
77-78	2	23.19	1.00	79-80	2	24.19	1.00	81-82	2	23.19	1.00	83-84	2	23.19	1.00
85-86	2	34.11	1.00	87-88	2	35.11	1.00	89-90	2	34.11	1.00	91-92	2	34.11	1.00
93-94	2	15.86	1.00	95-96	2	16.86	1.00	97-98	2	15.86	1.00	99-100	2	15.86	1.00
101-102	2	34.11	1.00	103-104	2	35.11	1.00	105-106	2	34.11	1.00	107-108	2	34.11	1.00
109-110	2	15.86	1.00	111-112	2	16.86	1.00	113-114	2	15.86	1.00	115-116	2	15.86	1.00
117-118	2	34.11	1.00	119-120	2	35.11	1.00	121-122	2	34.11	1.00	123-124	2	34.11	1.00
125-126	2	15.86	1.00	127-128	2	16.86	1.00	129-130	2	15.86	1.00	131-132	2	15.86	1.00
133-134	2	34.11	1.00	135-136	2	35.11	1.00	137-138	2	34.11	1.00	139-140	2	34.11	1.00
141-142	2	15.86	1.00	143-144	2	16.86	1.00	145-146	2	15.86	1.00	147-148	2	15.86	1.00
149-150	2	34.11	1.00	151-152	2	35.11	1.00	153-154	2	34.11	1.00	155-156	2	34.11	1.00
157-158	2	15.86	1.00	159-160	2	16.86	1.00	161-162	2	15.86	1.00	163-164	2	15.86	1.00
165-166	2	34.11	1.00	167-168	2	35.11	1.00	169-170	2	34.11	1.00	171-172	2	34.11	1.00
173-174	2	15.86	1.00	175-176	2	16.86	1.00	177-178	2	15.86	1.00	179-180	2	15.86	1.00
181-182	2	34.11	1.00	183-184	2	35.11	1.00	185-186	2	34.11	1.00	187-188	2	34.11	1.00
189-190	2	15.86	1.00	191-192	2	16.86	1.00	193-194	2	15.86	1.00	195-196	2	15.86	1.00
197-198	2	34.11	1.00	199-200	2	35.11	1.00	201-202	2	34.11	1.00	203-204	2	34.11	1.00
205-206	2	15.86	1.00	207-208	2	16.86	1.00	209-210	2	15.86	1.00	211-212	2	15.86	1.00
213-214	2	34.11	1.00	215-216	2	35.11	1.00	217-218	2	34.11	1.00	219-220	2	34.11	1.00
221-222	2	15.86	1.00	223-224	2	16.86	1.00	225-226	2	15.86	1.00	227-228	2	15.86	1.00
229-230	2	34.11	1.00	231-232	2	35.11	1.00	233-234	2	34.11	1.00	235-236	2	34.11	1.00
237-238	2	15.86	1.00	239-240	2	16.86	1.00	241-242	2	15.86	1.00	243-244	2	15.86	1.00
245-246	2	34.11	1.00	247-248	2	35.11	1.00	249-250	2	34.11	1.00	251-252	2	34.11	1.00
253-254	2	15.86	1.00	255-256	2	16.86	1.00	257-258	2	15.86	1.00	259-260	2	15.86	1.00
261-262	2	34.11	1.00	263-264	2	35.11	1.00	265-266	2	34.11	1.00	267-268	2	34.11	1.00
269-270	2	15.86	1.00	271-272	2	16.86	1.00	273-274	2	15.86	1.00	275-276	2	15.86	1.00
277-278	2	34.11	1.00	279-280	2	35.11	1.00	281-282	2	34.11	1.00	283-284	2	34.11	1.00
285-286	2	15.86	1.00	287-288	2	16.86	1.00	289-290	2	15.86	1.00	291-292	2	15.86	1.00
293-294	2	34.11	1.00	295-296	2	35.11	1.00	297-298	2	34.11	1.00	299-300	2	34.11	1.00
301-302	2	15.86	1.00	303-304	2	16.86	1.00	305-306	2	15.86	1.00	307-308	2	15.86	1.00
309-310	2	34.11	1.00	311-312	2	35.11	1.00	313-314	2	34.11	1.00	315-316	2	34.11	1.00
317-318	2	15.86	1.00	319-320	2	16.86	1.00	321-322	2	15.86	1.00	323-324	2	15.86	1.00
325-326	2	34.11	1.00	327-328	2	35.11	1.00	329-330	2	34.11	1.00	331-332	2	34.11	1.00
333-334	2	15.86	1.00	335-336	2	16.86	1.00	337-338	2	15.86	1.00	339-340	2	15.86	1.00
341-342	2	34.11	1.00	343-344	2	35.11	1.00	345-346	2	34.11	1.00	347-348	2	34.11	1.00
349-350	2	15.86	1.00	351-352	2	16.86	1.00	353-354	2	15.86	1.00	355-356	2	15.86	1.00
357-358	2	34.11	1.00	359-360	2	35.11	1.00	361-362	2	34.11	1.00	363-364	2	34.11	1.00
365-366	2	15.86	1.00	367-368	2	16.86	1.00	369-370	2	15.86	1.00	371-372	2	15.86	1.00
373-374	2	34.11	1.00	375-376	2	35.11	1.00	377-378	2	34.11	1.00	379-380	2	34.11	1.00
381-382	2	15.86	1.00	383-384	2	16.86	1.00	385-386	2	15.86	1.00	387-388	2	15.86	1.00
389-390	2	34.11	1.00	391-392	2	35.11	1.00	393-394	2	34.11	1.00	395-396	2	34.11	1.00
397-398	2	15.86	1.00	399-400	2	16.86	1.00	401-402	2	15.86	1.00	403-404	2	15.86	1.00
405-406	2	34.11	1.00	407-408	2	35.11	1.00	409-410	2	34.11	1.00	411-412	2	34.11	1.00
413-414	2	15.86	1.00	415-416	2	16.86	1.00	417-418	2	15.86	1.00	419-420	2	15.86	1.00
421-422	2	34.11	1.00	423-424	2	35.11	1.00	425-426	2	34.11	1.00	427-428	2	34.11	1.00
429-430	2	15.86	1.00	431-432	2	16.86	1.00	433-434	2	15.86	1.00	435-436	2	15.86	1.00
437-438	2	34.11	1.00	439-440	2	35.11	1.00	441-442	2	34.11	1.00	443-444	2	34.11	1.00
445-446	2	15.86	1.00	447-448	2	16.86	1.00	449-450	2	15.86	1.00	451-452	2	15.86	1.00
453-454	2	34.11	1.00	455-456	2	35.11	1.00	457-458	2	34.11	1.00	459-460	2	34.11	1.00
461-462	2	15.86	1.00</												

Imperial Soldiers For Canada

Importance of Encouraging Settlers From the British Isles.

In February last W. E. Scott, formerly Deputy-Minister of Agriculture for British Columbia, and Russell Wilson, of Saskatchewan, a successful pioneer farmer, were appointed by the Soldier Settlement Board, a Selection Committee, to go to the British Isles for the purpose of interviewing Imperial ex-servicemen desiring to come to Canada and take up land under the Soldier Settlement scheme. After a busy six months in England, holding eighty-three sessions, they have returned to the Dominion, the first part of their work accomplished. Thousands of Imperial soldiers desiring to take up Canadian land were examined personally, of whom nearly seven hundred applicants were selected, and many are now undergoing training in Canada. About one-half of these men had previous agricultural experience. Some have capital up to \$30,000 and the average amount each man is putting into agriculture is \$2,000. All are of a splendid type, the majority being young ex-officers who proved themselves on the battlefield.

In addition to those men coming to Canada under the Soldier Settlement Board, a great many others, examined by the committee of two, who could not comply with one or more of the requirements, but are of the class required in Canada, were given encouragement and large numbers will emigrate on a special type of contract. The work in the British Isles has been suspended for the year as it is not considered advisable to have attending settlers arriving during the winter months.

The Imperial aspect of the scheme is one of its strongest features, the importance of stocking Canada with good British blood as possible. Some regret was expressed in England that some of the best bone and sinew was being induced away from Britain when most needed after the heavy depletion of the war, but these men are not just men who reside in a British Dominion. They are still part of the Empire, and being placed in positions of benefit to themselves, are thereby of so much more value to the Empire. Speaking of conditions as he found them in England, Mr. Scott said: "You cannot impress too strongly upon the people of Canada that there are thousands of the best type of settlers in the British Isles anxious to come to Canada, and as soon as transportation facilities are adequate there will be a flood of emigrants such as the country has never experienced."

The British Navy

The Principal Bulwark of the British Empire Against Aggression.

Much interest will be aroused in a letter published by Earl Beatty, admiral of the British fleet, on behalf of maintaining the navy, and is sufficiently able to protect the interests of the British Empire. With the reverence of the sailor, he puts the case clearly and convincingly before the public, claiming that the needs of commerce have been fully met, compatible with that object. "We mean are nobody," he says, "in the history of England upon the sea, the navy has been a weapon of peace as well as of war." Considering his letter to be averse that the best brains in the service are so occupied that it will continue to form the principal bulwark of the British Empire against aggression. From the days of Drake and Nelson, British is fortunate in breeding sons fully suited to the immense responsibilities attached to maintaining their home in its premier position, and with valiant hearts to cope with them. "Orders are ordered on the dictum attributed to that other great Englishman, Cromwell, 'Trust in the Lord and keep your powder dry,' and it is well that it should be so,"—Hamilton Spectator.

Big Price For Western Farm.
At Diana, Saskatchewan, a 640 acre farm has just been sold for \$73,000, the equivalent of \$175 an acre. Last year the same farm changed hands for \$46,720, or \$75 an acre. The price includes buildings, stock, etc.

Nothing Too Good For Movies.
The Famous Players Motion Picture Corporation have just let a contract for the erection of a \$300,000 picture theatre to be the chief thoroughfare of Regina.

Halifax harbor is one of the finest in the world.

W. N. U. 1333

THEIR GLORY SHALL NOT FADE

In the special order issued to the Canadian troops on March 27, 1918.

General Sir Arthur Currie wrote: "To those who will fall I say, You will not die but step into immortality—your names will be revered forever and ever by your grateful country, and God will take you into Himself."

The pledge thus given is being faithfully fulfilled in relation to employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company by the placing of bronze memorial tablets at over a score of its principal offices and stations. Furthermore two imposing bronze statue groups have been designed for the great C.P.R. stations at Montreal and Winnipeg to stand forever as tribute to the heroism and self-sacrifice of C.P.R. men who died in the cause of freedom. Far-thing and scattered are their graves, but single was their spirit and their ideal, the service of their country.

Out of 11,602 employees who were reported as joining the forces, 1,098 or nearly ten per cent, paid the supreme sacrifice. These came from every rank of the company, from every department, and they served by air, land and sea—faithful unto death.

The bronze tablet, replicas of which will be placed at the principal railway centres in each province of Canada, and also in London, Liverpool and the other cities designed by Mr. Archibald Lever, of the Chief Engineer's Department of the company, and is being engraved at Worcester, England, by the Bromsgrove Guild and Applied Arts. The tablet depicts an advancing army of infantry, cavalry, artillery, supplies, munitions, tanks and railway transport hauled on either side by a warship and a C.P.O.S. liner with aeroplanes flying overhead. Britannia calls with outstretched hands to the Overseas Dominions and points out the road to death and glory, while underneath is a scroll with the list of chief battles in which the C.P.R. men fell. The inscription commemorates:

"Those in the Service of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company who at the call of King and Country, left all that was dear to them, endured hardship, danger and sacrifice, and passed out of sight of men, giving up their own lives that others might live in freedom. Let those who come after see to it that their names be not forgotten."

The large bronze statue group which will be duplicated for the C.P.R. stations at Windsor Street, Montreal and at Winnipeg is the work of the sculptor, Mr. McManis, the well-known Montreal sculptor, in

majestic and impressive allegory, it represents the uplifting of the soul of a hero from the battle lines to "that bourn from no traveller returns." The armed figure of a hero clad in khaki, battle-stained, yet tranquil in death, is borne heavenwards by a winged and hured exalted Angel of Victory. The figures in the group are of heroic proportions, over seven feet high, supported upon a marble pedestal.

Thus shall the memory of the gallant dead remain in inspiration to comrades and the world at large. By their sacrifice for the Empire, they kept clear and open the Imperial Highway, and on the stations of the Highway their glory shall forever be recorded.

The head gardener, who was given a free hand, drafted a bewildering variety of supposed amenities—groceries, cascades, chapels, temples and even a hermitage.

When the job was finished the noble owner of Pain's Hill advertised for a hermit willing to live there seven years. It was stipulated that he should wear a camel robe, never cut his beard or nails, and never stay beyond the limits of the grounds. He was to sleep as his bed, and food washed down solely with water brought sent him from the house.

He was strictly forbidden to exchange a syllable with any servant or to speak to anyone else unless first addressed. If he lived there the full term of seven years under these restrictions he was to receive 700 guineas (about \$3,500) but he was unable to instant dismissal without any payment if found departing from the regime laid down for hermits. The advertisement attracted several applicants, one of whom was selected, but he died at the end of three weeks before he could finish the hermitage was untenable.

Demand For Farm Machinery.
The harvesting of the record crop in Alberta this year has resulted in unprecedented business in bladders being done throughout the province by the machine companies handling this important piece of harvest machinery. In fact, implement houses all over the Canadian West are benefited by this season's heavy yield of wheat, and other grain, and many state they have done a bigger business this year than ever before. There is also a big demand for plows and tractors for the fall work.

The fair is fast becoming one of the leading rural fall fairs in Alberta. The best district can produce is seen here and a great many visitors are attracted from outside points.

Becoming Civilized.
It will be terrible if Easterners begin to call this "the festive west," yet there seems no alternative when the Indians of a group of British Columbia of the far north are running their canoes by means of gasoline motors, and are enjoying what is denominated as "canned music."—Calgary Herald.

Fall Ploughing

Many Reasons Given to Show the Benefits of Plowing in the Fall.

Every grain grower knows that one year with another best results in grain growing are secured from fall ploughing and seed early in the spring. Seasons are often late and backward with cold nights and wet days. This holds back work in the spring, and it is a great deal of effort to get the crops on in time. If ploughing must be done in the spring, the work is considerably more than doubled. This, of course, retards the sowing season and consequently usually results in a smaller crop.

Weeds take a heavy toll from the spring crop, varying all the way from practically no loss to a total loss. Fall ploughing, particularly early fall ploughing, is a very great check to most kinds of weeds. Fall ploughing will not destroy quick grass, Canada thistle, or sow thistles, but it will do much to destroy annual weeds, such as wild oats, pigeon grass, mustard, pig weeds, etc. Early fall ploughing prevents many of these weeds that are growing in the stubble from producing seed. Ploughing also covers many of the weed seeds and gives them a chance to grow to be killed later by freezing.

Moisture is one of the limiting factors in our crop production. While we often have too much moisture, we get through a season without a field worked to conserve moisture will not show an advantage over a field poorly worked. Fall ploughing breaks up the hard crust of the stubble field and thus checks the evaporation of moisture from the subsoil. It also provides a loose soil, so that any rain that falls will more readily settle into the ground.

Plant food is liberated quite largely by the decomposition of organic vegetable matter in the soil. Decomposition can take place only where there is both air and moisture. Hay does not rot in the stack or mow because it is kept dry. Silage does not rot in the silo, because air is kept from it. Ploughing conserves moisture and also provides a chance for air to get into the soil, hence it is an aid to the decomposition of vegetable matter and the liberation of plant food. There is likely to be more available plant food to give a vigorous growth to the crop in fall ploughing than in spring ploughing land.

Nearly every acre is now running short-handed. Crops must be cared for. Ploughing may be left. It would seem to us especially desirable for each man to use just as big a rig for ploughing as possible. Six horses on a gang plough will plow more ground in five hours than four horses on a smaller gang. The rig available should be kept at ploughing just as many hours every day as it can be. One of the reasons that many men do not plough more is that they have not been used enough days in the year. We believe that in many cases there is considerable teamwork, plans are made so that the possible amount of man labor will result in the maximum of fall ploughing.

Imperial Harmony

The Secret of the Greatness of the British Commonwealth.

In the word "commonwealth" lies the secret of Imperial harmony. With it, everything is possible for the Empire. Without it, all the talk of our far-flung greatness is but as the crackling of thunders under a pot. The Imperial problem is not a political enigma or a vast involved and intricate question of statecraft. It is a simple affair in which the common sense of great numbers of men living in diverse parts of the world is pitted against gusts of local emotion, to the detriment of the Empire.

General Smuts says in effect that Imperial machine can only maintain its world-momentum when there is ample and voluntary give-and-take between its component parts. If himself a victim to the inexorable pressure of fate, is now a convert to the British Commonwealth, the hope of greatness as against the one-time ring-fence Republicanism for which he fought so well twenty years ago.—Natal Advertiser.

Canadian Doctors Wanted in Africa.

Ottawa—Canadian doctors are being sought for service in East and West Africa. Lord Milner has, through the Governor General, issued an appeal for medical men from Africa, and the Colonial Office has, for particulars are requested to communicate with that department. If the lettered candidates were available, a contract for a senior medical officer of the Colonial service would be offered to Canada to interview candidates and report as to their suitability.

Alberta's Wealth

Total Agricultural Revenue This Year Will Exceed All Previous Years.

The Calgary Herald says editorially: In spite of the late spring and an abnormally short growing season, Alberta will have by far the greatest wheat crop in its history, according to the Bureau of Statistics which estimated that the wheat yield of this province would be \$2,072,000 bushels. This product establishes a record, for the greatest previous harvest was that of 1915 when 60,000,000 bushels of wheat were threshed. Not only is the production larger by nearly 23,000,000 bushels than in 1915, but the value of the wheat in the open market is more than two and a half times as great. It is figured out that if this year's wheat brings an average of \$2.60 a bushel, the revenue to Alberta's farmers from this department alone will be \$215,727,200 as against a revenue of \$80,000,000 in 1915 and \$63,349,000 in 1912.

In addition to this valuable wheat crop there is a splendid yield of oats, 12,058,000 bushels, so the bureau estimates that are growing in the stubble of potatoes and root crops, of alfalfa and hay. The livestock was never better than of 1915. There were never more cattle in Alberta than to-day, for the natural increase plus the importations, have made up for the shortage following last year's drought.

What Alberta's total agricultural revenue will be can only be estimated, but it should be at least double that of any preceding year. Wheat and oats will produce approximately \$400,000,000 and the other farm products and stock will be worth \$150,000,000. Manufactured products and coal will bring the total to at least \$550,000,000.

When it is considered that a few years ago Alberta had absolutely no exportable products, the record of this province must be regarded as nothing less than remarkable.

When it is further considered that it is estimated that there are 105,000 acres of land available for cultivation in Alberta, and that only 7,000,000 acres are under cultivation, a thin comprehension of the great future production and prosperity of Alberta may be obtained.

Literally, Alberta is only in the infancy of its production stage.

The Farm Products Of Saskatchewan

Over Half of the Spring Wheat of the Dominion Grown in the Province.

A statement by the Bureau of Statistics of the Provincial Department of Agriculture of Saskatchewan shows that the agricultural products for the fiscal year ended April 30, and the livestock field in the province, were valued at \$68,415,107, an increase of \$50,817,500 over 1918. The value of the livestock in the province was also an increase of \$3,648,735 over the preceding year.

Of the grain acreage of the Dominion, Saskatchewan furnished last year 32.2 per cent of the spring wheat, 32.25 per cent of oats; 18.61 per cent of the barley; 85.07 per cent of the flax, and 25.29 per cent of the rye. An increase of 10 per cent in the grain production with that of twelve states of the union indicates that the province climbed in 1919 to second place, after having produced fourth place in 1918, and this in spite of the fact that the total grain production of the province was 20,000 bushels less in 1919 than in 1918, and no less than 163,000,000 bushels short of the record established in 1915.

Canadian Cattle For Europe

Orders Being Placed by the War-stricken Countries of Europe.

About two thousand head of Canadian cattle arrived at Antwerp, Belgium, a few days ago. The city of Paris, which is expected to complete a contract for the purchase of cattle in Canada, had two representatives on hand to examine the quality of the animals sent to Belgium, their condition and to see that the requirements for receiving such cargo.

The quality of Canadian cattle has been known all over the world for numerous orders have been placed by the war-stricken countries of Europe to help to replenish their depleted herds of horses and cattle. The export trade of livestock from Western Canada is now of considerable importance and is all the time increasing.

Russian railway stations are usually about two miles from the town they serve—this as a precaution against fire caused by sparks from the locomotives.

BOY
SCOUT
NEWS

CANADIAN PERSIAN LAMB

Young Canada
Be PreparedThe Tenderfoot
ScoutmasterOrganization Experiences as Related
By One of Them.

For a long time the Boy Scouts Movement had enjoyed my passive approval, but I received something of a shock when a deputation of village lads awaited me with the request that I would go to the Scout Troop and act as Scoutmaster. A few minutes chat showed me that they were in earnest, so there was only one possible answer, and they departed rejoicing. Then came a very uncomfortable quarter of an hour for me. I had promised to do something of which I was entirely ignorant, but my promise held, and it had to be done. The more I thought of it, the more difficulties appeared to provide funds, to arouse local interest and what to do with the boys. These things all entered my mind when I found myself committed to the work. My approval has been more passive than ever I had imagined.

But when fairly tackled, the difficulties melted like butter in a frying-pan. A letter to Provincial Headquarters, Regina, Sask., procured me that invaluable dollar's worth, "Handbook for Boys," and the current number of "Canadian Boy" and other valuable information, and then I was able to make a beginning. I also found that there was more passive approval than I thought, and three local gentlemen quickly expressed their interest in the form of subscriptions, and formed a Troop Committee, and now I have two patrols running merrily. First I had to educate myself in the work of Scouting; for a week or two I had to put the boys off with a paper-chase and fill up the evening hours with learning the Scout Promise and Laws and story-telling. The latter I did of immense use. Suitably chosen stories aroused their interest, enforced the Scout Law, encouraged heroism, made the Brotherhood more real, and if of the serial order, encouraged good attendance at the Scout meetings. Stories can be got from the Canadian Boy Magazine—most suitable.

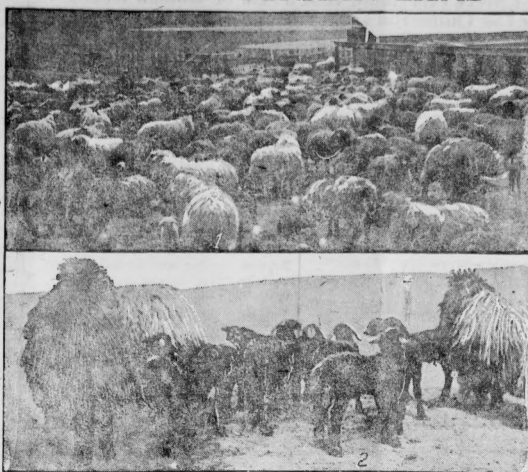
Having overcome the initial difficulties, it is pleasant to notice the improvement of the boys, and still more the improvement in oneself. Much has been said and written of the value of "Scouting for Boys"; if more businessmen would have their sons little and do some "Scouting for Scoutmasters" they would find it to be a vital force for good.

To those who are thinking of taking up Scout work, and still more those who are thinking of refusing it, I would say, do not let us be discouraged because we are tenderfoots. Let us become practical. The Chief has laid the trail, and thought to it may seem faint in places and hard to follow, we shall "get there" in the end, and we need never despair of making our TROOPS and our own FIRST CLASS.

Record Salmon Pack Expected.

Up to the end of July approximately 12,700 cases of salmon have been packed on Rivers Inlet, British Columbia, according to a statement given out by the Dominion action commission. Of this quantity about ninety per cent were sockeyes. So far this year, the Rivers Inlet pack of salmon is the largest in the history of the province. The pack of 1919, 1918, 1917 and 1916, and there is a possibility that the record of 146,838 cases established in 1915, may be equalled or even passed.

W. N. U. 1334



(1) A Karakul flock gathered for inspection.

(2) Karakul sheep and lambs.

The aggressive and enterprising spirit of the Canadian farmer coupled with the diversity of climates to be found throughout the Dominion result in a continual branching out into new lines of agricultural activity. A recent introduction which has apparently taken vigorous hold and will probably assume important proportions, developing into a commercial industry of magnitude, is the breeding of Karakul sheep, the animal whose young produce the fur tent only known as Persian lamb, Astrakhan, and Kokonak. This breed is but little known on the American continent, although interesting experiments have been made with this breed at Prince Edward Island, and in Penna, New Brunswick, and in Prince Edward Island. The home of the Karakul sheep is in the vast sandy deserts of Bokara, which are largely inundated in the spring by the River Zerashkan swollen to overflowing by the accumulation of winter's snow in the Altai Mountains. Many deep-rooted bushes grow in this region, the tender shoots

of which form the favorite food of the Karakul sheep on account of its elevation, climate and winter conditions closely approximating the animals' native Bokara in Turkestan. Previous to the war attempts were made to acclimatize Karakul sheep in Belgium and Northern Germany, with some success. The climate of certain sections of Canada, however, provides more ideal conditions, and indications are that the foundation has been laid in the Dominion for a new issue in the livestock industry which should prove a very profitable line to Canadian farmers.

Before the war almost the entire Karakul crop from Bokara known as Persian-lamb or Astrakhan, was treated and dyed at Leipzig, where two houses alone received 250,000 skins valued at about \$2,700,000 (at pre-war prices). A full-blooded Karakul crop worth about \$2,000, three-fourths blooded, \$800; half-blooded, \$150 to \$200. Skins at the present time range from \$20 to \$25 each.

Placing War Veterans
On the Land

The Soldier Settlement Board Grants Loans to Nearly 20,000 Settlers. Up to the end of August the Soldier Settlement Board of Canada granted loans to 19,241 settlers actually on the land. Amount of loans approved by the board is \$76,530,075 for the following purposes:

To purchase land, \$41,648,827.

To remove encumbrances, \$2,151,275.

For permanent improvements, \$8,765,462.

For stock and equipment, \$24,035,111.

Alberta has 5,554 settlers actually established; Saskatchewan, 4,628; Manitoba, 3,170; British Columbia, 2,867; Ontario, 1,599; Quebec, 448; New Brunswick, 486; Nova Scotia, 397; Prince Edward Island, 82.

Applications for qualification certificates have been received from 56,532 returned soldiers and 40,820 have qualified.

The total amount saved to soldier settlers on the purchase of equipment is \$590,607. This represents the difference between ordinary price lists and special prices granted to soldier settlers.

Concrete Testing Campaign

To Determine Best Methods For Use In West.

A thorough concrete-testing campaign in Alberta and the other western provinces is about to be commenced. The action is being taken as a result of the recent engineering convention in Banff, at which a committee was appointed to collect facts for the general quality of cement. The committee of the recent engineering convention in Banff, at which a committee was appointed to collect facts for the general quality of cement. The committee of the recent engineering convention in Banff, at which a committee was appointed to collect facts for the general quality of cement.

The investigations of the committee are to cover a period of probably three years and will be made particularly into such questions as the action of the soil and water upon concrete, the use of gravel and stone, and the general quality of cement. Exhaustive tests will be made, with a view to determining the best method for the use of concrete in any form in the various conditions obtaining in different parts of the west.

The Pitcairn Island Colony

Population of South Sea Island Increases by Five During the Last Century.

The population of Pitcairn Island, a tiny speck of land rising from the mid-Pacific, has increased by five souls since the official "count of the last century, according to Robert C. O'Brien, master of the freighter Miamia, which touched there last month en route here from Australia. The little colony, a British possession, now has a population of 175. At the last previous count there were but 170.

Capt. O'Brien said the residents, descendants of 15 mutineers from the British ship Bonny, who settled there in 1789 with wives brought from Polynesia, are thriving, as yet showing no signs of the mental deterioration which scientists predicted for them as a consequence of long continued in-breeding.

The island, according to O'Brien, is rich in fruits and vegetable products. A supply of these and fresh spring water was furnished him for his homeward journey. Pitcairn Island is of volcanic origin, of only two square miles, but with a mountain peak rising to a height of 2,000 feet. It carries on trade with Managova in a vessel owned and operated by the islanders.

Another Year For Airplane.

W. A. Found, superintendent of fisheries, proposes to employ airplanes in carrying salmon eggs to the upper reaches of the Fraser River in British Columbia, where the establishment of hatcheries is not feasible, and the eggs will not stand the strain of carriage by pack animals. The development of the idea will await the signing of the treaty now pending between Canada and the United States.

Mr. Sophie-Well, Willie, your sister has given herself to me for a Christmas present. What do you think of that?

Willie—That's what she did for Mr. Barker last year and he gave her back before Christmas, I expect you'll do the same.

Heavy Telephone
Construction Program

Four Million Dollar Program In Alberta to be Completed This Year.

Excellent progress is being made on the many telephone construction contracts throughout the province of Alberta, according to the deputy minister of railways and telephones, Norman Harvey. In spite of the late start in the spring and a program of unusually large proportions, the new work has been carried along steadily in all parts of Alberta on both rural and city lines.

From the present outlook, the bulk of the \$4,000,000 program will be finished before winter puts an end to the construction. In addition, construction has been carried on this year on a number of large contracts which were not completed in last year's program. Therefore the present year saw more telephone construction completed for the province than ever before.

Pulverized Fuel

Lower Grade and Unmarketable Coals May be Utilized in This Way.

Several months ago the Commission of Conservation published a pamphlet by W. J. Dick, M.S.C., on Pulverized Fuel, Its Use and Possibilities. The exceptional demand for this pamphlet, not only from fuel consumers throughout Canada and the United States, reflects the "constant search that is being made for a low priced fuel of high efficiency. The fuel of which these problems must be solved. Extension of the use of pulverized fuel is one phase of the solution.

Copies of the pamphlet dealing with this subject are freely available on request to the Commission of Conservation.

Waterproofing
Silo Walls

The Coating Which Promises Best Results is Paraffin.

It is very essential that silo walls be made as nearly waterproof and airtight as possible. Various ways of doing this are available, either by using a concrete or a concrete and using a waterproof compound with the concrete, by a rich cement plaster, or by some kind of a protective coating.

The coating most commonly applied has been coal tar thinned with gasoline and applied with a paint brush, or else heated and applied with the large brush used for this purpose. Asphalt or bitumen and other materials are sometimes applied in the same way, but the one which promises the best results is paraffin. These coatings not only seal up small air leaks and effectively prevent seepage, but also prevent the very slow action of the weak silage acids on the concrete. This effect of the acids, however, is so slight as to be of no particular importance.

According to directions given by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, paraffin may be applied either hot or cold. With the cold method, four pounds of paraffin should be dissolved in one-half gallon of gasoline or naphtha to make one gallon of the saturated solution. This is applied to the surface with a brush and then the pores of the concrete to a considerable extent. One gallon will cover about 200 square feet.

The paraffin then evaporates, leaving the paraffin in the pores. In using this method, there must be good ventilation in the silo and there must be no fire nearby as the gasoline is not only poisonous to breathe and very irritating to the eyes, but is very inflammable.

With the hot method, 6-12 pounds of paraffin are melted to make a gallon of the hot solution. Two buckets of paraffin should be used, one to be heated while the other is applied. The paraffin should be done on a warm day and a blowtorch should be used to warm the wall ahead of the application and also to thin and spread the paraffin.

One of paraffin. One gallon will cover about 250 square feet of surface.

The amount of paraffin required for any silo can be determined by finding the number of square feet in the surface by multiplying the diameter in feet by 3.1416 and then by the height in feet. For the cold method dividing the number of square feet by 200 and multiplying by four will give the number of pounds required. For the hot method, dividing by 250 and multiplying by 6-12 will give the number of pounds required.

Thus for a 14x30 silo, the surface is 14x3.1416 or 132.0 square feet.

For the cold method this would require 132.0 divided by 200 times four pounds of paraffin; while the hot method would require 132.0 divided by 250 times 6-12 or 34.5 pounds.

Progress of Machinery

Clever Inventions Too Complicated for Work Very Efficiently.

Investors are designing scores of machines that automatically do work so complicated that it has heretofore been done only by hand. Some of these are remarkably efficient and clever. Current opinion lists a few of them as follows:

Machines that will automatically make boxes from sheets of cardboard, put them together, tack in the bottom end, place jar or bottle with circular, or directions therein and then tuck in the top, making a complete cartoned package without the touch of the human hand. Machines that will wind up a carton or box, and fill the same with powder or a flouy substance, place cover on box, seal the box completely with a printed wrapper and then place a date mark seal on each end of the package. Machines that will label boxes (120 per minute), bottle automatically. Machines ironing and folding sheets, pillow cases, towels, handkerchiefs and napkins. Machines that will automatically assemble and pack, and then tuck in the top, making a complete cartoned package without the touch of the human hand. Machines that will wind up a carton or box, and fill the same with powder or a flouy substance, place cover on box, seal the box completely with a printed wrapper and then place a date mark seal on each end of the package. Machines that will label boxes (120 per minute), bottle automatically. Machines ironing and folding sheets, pillow cases, towels, handkerchiefs and napkins. Machines that will automatically assemble and pack, and then tuck in the top, making a complete cartoned package without the touch of the human hand.

Conquering the Air.

The increasing safety of the airplane is demonstrated by figures obtained from England by Aerial Age. In 1919, the year of the civil war, the land just ended, a total of 70,000 passengers were carried in 38,954 flights, with but one fatal accident. Commenting on these figures, Major-General Sir F. H. Sykes, Controller-General of Civil Aviation, is quoted as saying "We have conquered the air and our immediate task was to exploit our victory in the interest of commercial development."

A Shovel's Uses.

The superintendent of a large factory was short of help. One morning, "As a last resort, he stopped an old tramp who was passing by and asked him for a job?" he asked the tramp.

"Yes," answered the tramp, rubbing his eyes. "I can fry ham on it."

Travelling
Libraries

Manitoba Agricultural Extension Service Carrying on Good Work.

A few months ago the Agricultural Extension Service of the province of Manitoba adopted the policy of providing travelling libraries. These libraries are made up of fifty volumes. The selections of books is unlike in the various districts, so that a change of library brings an entire change in reading matter. Each library is packed into a folding case which is planned so as to answer the double purpose of shipping box and book case.

To obtain the use of one of these libraries a community must make its appeal through some organization or group of citizens recognized as being of a representative and responsible character. The use of the library is not restricted to members of any organization, but is open to all; the books are always accessible, and is open for lending purposes at least one week.

The only charge imposed upon the borrower is a fee of one cent for each borrower's card, which will last a whole season. This charge appears in the books carrying charges on the books.

The libraries are lent for a period of six months. In each instance they are returned to the Extension Service in order that all the necessary repairs or substitutions may be made. Upon the surface with a brush and then the pores of the concrete to a considerable extent. One gallon will cover about 200 square feet.

In the first libraries sent out, ninety per cent of the books were fiction. It is planned to decrease this percentage in each succeeding library sent to any community. The Extension Service is now reading of other classes as the public becomes accustomed to library advantages.

From the time a free available, it would seem as though almost all of the books sent out in these libraries are kept constantly in circulation among the readers.

A similar service has been in force in Saskatchewan for some time.

Edmonton as a Dairy Centre

Alberta Butter Has Won Signal Honors in the Last Few Years.

Edmonton may well lay claim to being the creamery city of Canada, there being no fewer than six creameries operating at that point, four of them producing more than 100,000 pounds of butter daily. The city is also the headquarters of towns and villages in the north. Not only do these firms buy milk and cream from the district surrounding each city, but a large business is transacted in poultry and eggs. In some of the most productive districts over \$1,000 a day is distributed in midsummer to the farmers who supply products to the creamery stations. Alberta butter has won many honors in the last few years. Almost invariably the winning entry was the output of Edmonton creameries.

In Winnipeg at the 1920 Dairy Convention the three highest awards were won by Alberta butter, first prize being won by a meeting with a constantly growing demand across the international boundary. The manufacture of ice cream in Edmonton in 1919 reached nearly 250,000 pounds, and cheese half a million pounds. The city and provincial health departments maintain a close system of inspection over the dairies, and of dairy herds in the district as far as possible.

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If a woman is willing to listen to a man it is because she has no more talk to unload.

Change in Train Service Effective Sunday October 3rd, 1920

TRANS-CANADA Limited, trains 7 & 8 & 9 & 10, will be withdrawn, last train from Montreal Oct. 2nd. last train from Vancouver Oct. 2nd.

SOO-PACIFIC EXPRESS, trains 13 & 14, will be withdrawn, last train from St. Paul Oct. 2nd. last train from Vancouver Oct. 2nd.

Canadian Pacific Railway. Train Schedule

Daily	No. 511 due at Bow Island from East at 10.37 a.m.
ex Sunday	" 512 " " " " " West " 6.48 p.m.
Daily	" 67 " " " " " " East " 1.12 a.m.
"	" 68 " " " " " " West " 5.00 a.m.

For further particulars apply to any Ticket Agent.
J.E. Proctor, District Passenger Agent
Calgary, Alta.

TAX SALE

"Sale of Lands at Westfield School N.W. 9-8-11-4 for Arrears of Taxes."

"Notice is hereby given that certain lands in the Municipal District of Forty Mile No. 64 will be offered for sale for arrears of taxes and costs at Westfield School, N.W. 9-8-11-4 Saturday, December 4th, at ten o'clock a.m.

A full list of said lands may be found in Bow Island Review, published in the town of Bow Island in the issue of September 24th, 1920

"Dated at Maleb the first day of September, 1920

T.A. Reynar
Secretary-Treasurer.

Grassy Lake

From our own Correspondent

The business portion of Grassy Lake was almost completely destroyed by fire on Saturday October 2nd, from an unknown cause and backed up by a very strong wind which helped it to spread, the buildings destroyed were Frank's butcher shop, the John Derr agents shop, the garage, soft drinks parlor, Chinese restaurant, Robt's Grocery, Perry Hall, Pool Room, Union Bank, Municipal Office and Dawson's Livery including all horses and a new Ford car. The front street of Grassy Lake is looking in a deplorable condition. Luckily no human lives were lost. Frank's opened his safe after the fire had destroyed the shop and found his money quite alright. Constable Bradner investigated last Saturday.

Returning Officer, G.E.A. Rice of Lethbridge attended at Grassy Lake on Friday last, and the following appointments in connection with the vote to be taken relative to the Liquor question were made.

Olen Eisenhauer Registers for Grassy Lake, District

H. Krug, Registrar for Fletcher District and Thomas H. Oddie for Thorburne District

The son of Mr. J. Mills who was accidentally shot whilst out shooting a few weeks ago in the leg returned home from Medicine Hat Hospital last Monday

The G.W.V.A. are holding meetings every Saturday night, a good time is assured at these meetings including a Dance

Mrs. Spears the mother of Mrs. Parker Carruthers died at Cranbrook last week at the home of her son David Spears, Mr. and Mrs. P. Carruthers attended the funeral

Steve Filgits of Purple Springs appeared at Grassy Lake Monday 27th, before Parker Carruthers J.P. charged with unlawfully shooting game birds (ducks) on Sunday Sept. 26th, he pleaded guilty and was fined \$10.00 and costs. Constable Bradner prosecuted

WESTFIELD

From our own Correspondent

Mr. and Mrs. H.C. Elford returned to Lethbridge Wednesday morning last Sunday

There was a large gathering at the Circle, Thursday at Mrs. Macine, nearly all members were present, also some visitors, among the visitors were, Mrs. Lars Johnson, Mrs. J.G. Kinnert and Miss L. Kinnert, we were also glad to note the smiling face of Mrs. Jackson, who was a member of our Circle until a few years ago, the Election of Officers took place, Mrs. J.S. Shearer was elected as President; Mrs. Jackson, Vice-President; Mrs. S.D. Elford Sec. Mrs. S. Watman Pres. the next Circle will be held at Mrs. Lars Johnson Oct. 14th.

The Misses Cornelia and Alma Anderson, Joe Anderson and Elgar Elford took dinner at Mr. and Mrs. J. Shearer last Sunday

We Stock Everything That a Man or Woman Wears. We Can Clothe You From Your Head to Your Feet At A Very Reasonable Price

"Oh, where are you going, my pretty maid?" Enquired Husky Bill, with a pleasant smile "I'm on my way to buy some braid At the Busy Store, the Mercantile." And then she confided with the trailing glee: "They have the prettiest things you ever did see."

"The Latest waists, real dreams they are, With the loveliest designs on a gauzy ground And their silken Hose are really by far The most fetching that I have ever found; The peek-a-boo kind with the delicate hue That resembles air, yet wears like glue." Then Bill, gazing down at his frayed old shirt,

Thus interrupted her glowing tale, He'd been thinking of the trailing skirt.

Our Stock of High Quality Groceries is as large as ever, and the values we offer are still the best in the Entire District,


BURDETT MERCANTILE CO.
A. H. RYGG, PROP.

And the time when man wore coat of mail: "You never took no notice, I suppose; If they're well stocked up on real men's clothes!"

"A peek-a-boo sock or an invisible waist May fill your heart with glee, But a Sheep Lined Coat, a Leather Vest And other real duds for me When properly dressed I'm always glad, But would die from cold if partly clad." Business pressed, so we rushed away, And of this conversation we heard no more, But soon, arguing, they wended their way Up to Our Well Stocked Store While Bill bought things to keep him warm The Maid purchased those to create more charm

REWARD

For Information Leading to the recovery of One Black Mully Steer,

Branded 
Weight about 1400 lbs.

Any Information In Regard To This Steer will be Substantially REWARDED

BURDETT CASH MEAT MARKET
PHONE—9 and 16 GEORGE LOMAS, PROPRIETOR

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! from \$2.00 to \$9.00

Call round and get a Good Shoe at a Bargain Price.

**Singer Sewing Machines
Exchanged for New Ones**

When in town call in and get the Prices they are the cheapest in town.


BURDETT CASH STORE
The Money-Saving Store of Alberta
G. H. ROBINSON, Proprietor.

Mr. Andrew Kockinson spent Sunday at the Stretman Ranch

Miss Esther Elford and Westley Elford are on the sick list

Mr. George Marinotook a flying trip to Lethbridge Friday last

ESTRAY

On the premises of Leo Hamed 129-12 W 4th, one rusty grey mare, weight about 700 lbs., two years old, no visible brand, also one dark bay gelding, weight about 1,400 lbs., branded  Came to above premises July 1st, 1920

Farms for Sale

One Section Farm, good Buildings, good water, 40 acres pasture fenced, 850 acres under cultivation. 10 Rods from a good School. Good community. Apply C.F. Henry Bow Island.

Burdett News

Mrs. Edmond's friend will be very pleased hear that she is improving in health since her operation

The Great War Veterans opened their club in the Council Rooms last Saturday, a number of Bethrued Men now engaged in the Irrigation Survey work south of town came in and a jolly evening was spent

The new bank is rapidly approaching completion and is a credit to the Bank authorities and the designer. It is hoped it will be ready for occupation about the fifteenth of this month

A number of people have been asking enquiries as to whether it is necessary for them to see the Registrar personally in order to get their names on the list, assertions have been freely made that it was not and that he was bound to go round to them, or take second hand information. Perhaps recent correspondence with the Returning Officer at Lethbridge has settled the point

On October 11th, the Registrar will post in the Post Office here, a complete list of all who have registered their names with him on Oct. 12th, and 16th, inclusive he will attend at his office for the purpose of hearing appeals from any person who considers his or her name should be on the list and also will hear objections which may be raised to any names which are on the list. The hours are during which he will sit are from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.

The Steer visited the home of J.H. Sandy last week. Cigars were the order of the day to celebrate the arrival of another Miss Sandy

AL Morrison has left his farm for the winter months, before going he put in a nice acreage of Rye and feels assured of a crop next year

One of the teaching staff, Mrs. Tate has unfortunately received a letter which compels her to resign her position and return to her home in B.C.

Miss Roberts of Niagara Falls is visiting friends at Westfield for a short time and was a business visitor here last Monday

Seed Grain Distribution

(Experimental Farm Notes)

The annual free distribution of samples of seed grain will be conducted as usual at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, by the Dominion Cerealists

The following kinds of seed grain will be sent out this season:—

Spring Wheat (in about 2lb. samples) White Oats (about 4lb.), Barley (about 2lb.), Field Beans (about 2lb.), Flax (about 2lb.)

Only one sample can be sent to each applicant.

Applications must be on printed or printed forms which may be obtained by writing to the Dominion Cerealists, Experimental Farm, Ottawa, at any time after Sept. 1st.

As the stock of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early to avoid disappointment those who applied too late last season are particularly requested to send in their names at once so that application forms may be forwarded to them. No application forms will be furnished after Feb. 1st, 1921

C. E. Saunders,
Dominion Cerealists

LIVE BARGAINS

for
10 DAYS

All Our Stock On Sale at Cost

THE BOW ISLAND DRUG & STATIONERY CO. LTD.